

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
648-145-00-4	Tar brown-coal; [An oil distilled from brown-coal tar. Composed primarily of aliphatic, naphthenic and one- to three-ring aromatic hydrocarbons, their alkyl derivates, heteroaromatics and one- and two-ring phenols boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 360 °C (302°F to 680°F).]	309-885-0	101316-83-0	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
648-146-00-X	Tar, brown-coal, low-temp.; [A tar obtained from low temperature carbonization and low temperature gasification of brown coal. Composed primarily of aliphatic, naphthenic and cyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, heteroaromatic hydrocarbons and cyclic phenols.]	309-886-6	101316-84-1	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
648-147-00-5	Light oil (coal), coke-oven; Crude benzole; [The volatile organic liquid extracted from the gas evolved in the high temperature (greater than 700 °C (1292°F)) destructive distillation of coal. Composed primarily of benzene, toluene, and xylenes. May contain other minor hydrocarbon constituents.]	266-012-5	65996-78-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H J
648-148-00-0	Distillates (coal), liq. solvent extn., primary; [The liquid product of condensation of vapors emitted during the digestion of coal in a liquid solvent and boiling in the range of approximately 30 °C to 300 °C (86°F to 572°F). Composed primarily of partly hydrogenated condensed-ring aromatic hydrocarbons, aromatic compounds containing nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, and their alkyl derivatives having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₄ .]	302-688-0	94114-52-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H J
648-149-00-6	Distillates (coal), solvent extn., hydrocracked; [Distillate obtained by hydrocracking of coal extract or solution produced by the liquid solvent extraction or supercritical gas extraction process and boiling in the range of approximately 30 °C to 300 °C (86°F to 572°F). Composed primarily of aromatic, hydrogenated aromatic and naphthenic compounds, their alkyl derivatives and alkanes with carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₄ . Nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen-containing aromatic and hydrogenated aromatic compounds are also present.]	302-689-6	94114-53-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H J

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
648-150-00-1	Naphtha (coal), solvent extn., hydrocracked; [Fraction of the distillate obtained by hydrocracking of coal extract or solution produced by the liquid solvent extraction or supercritical gas extraction processes and boiling in the range of approximately 30 °C to 180 °C (86°F to 356°F). Composed primarily of aromatic, hydrogenated aromatic and naphthenic compounds, their alkyl derivatives and alkanes with carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ to C ₉ . Nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen-containing aromatic and hydrogenated aromatic compounds are also present.]	302-690-1	94114-54-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H J
648-151-00-7	Gasoline, coal solvent extn., hydrocracked naphtha; [Motor fuel produced by the reforming of the refined naphtha fraction of the products of hydrocracking of coal extract or solution produced by the liquid solvent extraction or supercritical gas extraction processes and boiling in the range of approximately 30 °C to 180 °C (86°F to 356°F). Composed primarily of aromatic and naphthenic hydrocarbons, their alkyl derivatives and alkyl hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₄ through C ₉ .]	302-691-7	94114-55-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
648-152-00-2	Distillates (coal), solvent extn., hydrocracked middle; [Distillate obtained from the hydrocracking of coal extract or solution produced by the liquid solvent extraction or supercritical gas extraction processes and boiling in the range of approximately 180 °C to 300 °C (356°F to 572°F). Composed primarily of two-ring aromatic, hydrogenated aromatic and naphthenic compounds, their alkyl derivatives and alkanes having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₁₄ . Nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen-containing compounds are also present.]	302-692-2	94114-56-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H J
648-153-00-8	Distillates (coal), solvent extn., hydrocracked hydrogenated middle; [Distillate from the hydrogenation of hydrocracked middle distillate from coal extract or solution produced by the liquid solvent extraction or supercritical gas extraction processes and boiling in the range of approximately 180 °C to 280 °C (356°F to 536°F). Composed primarily of hydrogenated two-ring carbon compounds and their alkyl derivatives having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₁₄ .]	302-693-8	94114-57-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H J

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
648-154-00-3	Fuels, jet aircraft, coal solvent extn., hydrocracked hydrogenated; [Jet engine fuel produced by hydrogenation of the middle distillate fraction of the products of hydrocracking of coal extract or solution produced by the liquid solvent extraction or supercritical gas extraction processes and boiling in the range of approximately 180 °C to 225 °C (356°F to 473°F). Composed primarily of hydrogenated two-ring hydrocarbons and their alkyl derivatives having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₀ through C ₁₂ .]	302-694-3	94114-58-6	Carc. Cat. 3; R40	Xn R: 40 S: (2-)36/37		H
648-155-00-9	Fuels, diesel, coal solvent extn., hydrocracked hydrogenated; [Diesel engine fuel produced by the hydrogenation of the middle distillate fraction of the products of hydrocracking of coal extract or solution produced by the liquid solvent extraction or supercritical gas extraction processes and boiling in the range of approximately 200 °C to 280 °C (392°F to 536°F). Composed primarily of hydrogenated two-ring hydrocarbons and their alkyl derivatives having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₁ through C ₁₄ .]	302-695-9	94114-59-7	Carc. Cat. 3; R40	Xn R: 40 S: (2-)36/37		H
648-156-00-4	Light oil (coal), semi-coking process; Fresh oil; [The volatile organic liquid condensed from the gas evolved in the low temperature (less than 700 °C (1292°F) destructive distillation of coal. Composed primarily of C ₆₋₁₀ hydrocarbons.]	292-635-7	90641-11-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H J
649-001-00-3	Extracts (petroleum), light naphthenic distillate solvent	265-102-1	64742-03-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-002-00-9	Extracts (petroleum), heavy paraffinic distillate solvent	265-103-7	64742-04-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-003-00-4	Extracts (petroleum), light paraffinic distillate solvent	265-104-2	64742-05-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-004-00-X	Extracts (petroleum), heavy naphthenic distillate solvent	265-111-0	64742-11-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-005-00-5	Extracts (petroleum), light vacuum gas oil solvent	295-341-7	91995-78-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-006-00-0	hydrocarbons C ₂₆₋₅₅ , arom-rich	307-753-7	97722-04-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-007-00-6	fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with iminodiethanol and boric acid	400-160-5	—	Xi; R38 N; R51-53	Xi; N R: 38-51/53 S: (2-)28-37-61		
649-008-00-1	Residues (petroleum), atm. tower; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex residuum from the atmospheric distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₀ and boiling above approximately 350 °C (662°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt. % or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	265-045-2	64741-45-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-009-00-7	Gas oils (petroleum), heavy vacuum; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the vacuum distillation of the residuum from atmospheric distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 350 °C to 600 °C (662°F to 1112°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt. % or more of 4-to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	265-058-3	64741-57-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-010-00-2	Distillates (petroleum), heavy catalytic cracked; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a catalytic cracking process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 260 °C to 500 °C (500°F to 932°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt. % or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	265-063-0	64741-61-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-011-00-8	Clarified oils (petroleum), catalytic cracked; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced as the residual fraction from distillation of the products from a catalytic cracking process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₀ and boiling above approximately 350 °C (662°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt. % or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	265-064-6	64741-62-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-012-00-3	Residues (petroleum), hydrocracked; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced as the residual fraction from distillation of the products of a hydrocracking process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₀ and boiling above approximately 350 °C (662°F).]	265-076-1	64741-75-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-013-00-9	Residues (petroleum), thermal cracked; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced as the residual fraction from distillation of the product from a thermal cracking process. It consists predominantly of unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₀ and boiling above approximately 350 °C (662°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt. % or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	265-081-9	64741-80-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-014-00-4	Distillates (petroleum), heavy thermal cracked; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of the products from a thermal cracking process. It consists predominantly of unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 260 °C to 480 °C (500°F to 896°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt. % or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	265-082-4	64741-81-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-015-00-X	Gas oils (petroleum), hydrotreated vacuum; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₃ through C ₅₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 230 °C to 600 °C (446°F to 1112°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt.% or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	265-162-9	64742-59-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-016-00-5	Residues (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized atmospheric tower; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating an atmospheric tower residuum with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst under conditions primarily to remove organic sulfur compounds. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₀ and boiling above approximately 350 °C (662°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt. % or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	265-181-2	64742-78-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-017-00-0	Gas oils (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy vacuum; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 350 °C to 600 °C (662°F to 1112 °C). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt. % or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	265-189-6	64742-86-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-018-00-6	Residues (petroleum), steam-cracked; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the residual fraction from the distillation of the products of a steam cracking process (including steam cracking to produce ethylene). It consists predominantly of unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₁₄ and boiling above approximately 260 °C (500°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt. % or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	265-193-8	64742-90-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-019-00-1	Residues (petroleum), atmospheric; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex residuum from atmospheric distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₁₁ and boiling above approximately 200 °C (392°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt. % or more of 4-to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	269-777-3	68333-22-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-020-00-7	Clarified oils (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized catalytic cracked; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating catalytic cracked clarified oil with hydrogen to convert organic sulfur to hydrogen sulfide which is removed. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₀ and boiling above approximately 350 °C (662°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt. % or more of 4-to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	269-782-0	68333-26-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-021-00-2	Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized intermediate catalytic cracked; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating intermediate catalytic cracked distillates with hydrogen to convert organic sulfur to hydrogen sulfide which is removed. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₁ through C ₃₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 205 °C to 450 °C (401°F to 842°F). It contains a relatively large proportion of tricyclic aromatic hydrocarbons.]	269-783-6	68333-27-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-022-00-8	Distillates (petroleum), hydrosulfurized heavy catalytic cracked; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treatment of heavy catalytic cracked distillates with hydrogen to convert organic sulfur to hydrogen sulfide which is removed. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 260 °C to 500 °C (500°F to 932°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt. % or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	269-784-1	68333-28-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-023-00-3	Fuel oil, residues-straight-run gas oils, high-sulfur; Heavy Fuel oil	270-674-0	68476-32-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-024-00-9	Fuel oil, residual; Heavy Fuel oil; [The liquid product from various refinery streams, usually residues. The composition is complex and varies with the source of the crude oil.]	270-675-6	68476-33-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-025-00-4	Residues (petroleum), catalytic reformer fractionator residue distn.; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex residuum from the distillation of catalytic reformer fractionator residue. It boils approximately above 399 °C (750°F).]	270-792-2	68478-13-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-026-00-X	Residues (petroleum), heavy coker gas oil and vacuum gas oil; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced as the residual fraction from the distillation of heavy coker gas oil and vacuum gas oil. It predominantly consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₁₃ and boiling above approximately 230 °C (446°F).]	270-796-4	68478-17-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-027-00-5	Residues (petroleum), heavy coker and light vacuum; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced as the residual fraction from the distillation of heavy coker gas oil and light vacuum gas oil. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₁₃ and boiling above approximately 230 °C (446°F).]	270-983-0	68512-61-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-028-00-0	Residues (petroleum), light vacuum; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex residuum from the vacuum distillation of the residuum from the atmospheric distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₁₃ and boiling above approximately 230 °C (446°F).]	270-984-6	68512-62-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-029-00-6	Residues (petroleum), steam-cracked light; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex residuum from the distillation of the products from a steam-cracking process. It consists predominantly of aromatic and unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers greater than C ₇ and boiling in the range of approximately 101 °C to 555 °C (214°F to 1030°F).]	271-013-9	68513-69-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-030-00-1	Fuel oil, No 6; Heavy Fuel oil; [A distillate oil having a minimum viscosity of 900 SUS at 37.7 °C (100°F) to a maximum of 9000 SUS at 37.7 °C (100°F).]	271-384-7	68553-00-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-031-00-7	Residues (petroleum), topping plant, low-sulfur; Heavy Fuel oil; [A low-sulfur complex combination of hydrocarbons produced as the residual fraction from the topping plant distillation of crude oil. It is the residuum after the straight-run gasoline cut, kerosene cut and gas oil cut have been removed.]	271-763-7	68607-30-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-032-00-2	Gas oils (petroleum), heavy atmospheric; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₃₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 121 °C to 510 °C (250°F to 950°F).]	272-184-2	68783-08-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-033-00-8	Residues (petroleum), coker scrubber, Condensed-ring-arom.-contg.; Heavy Fuel oil; [A very complex combination of hydrocarbons produced as the residual fraction from the distillation of vacuum residuum and the products from a thermal cracking process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₀ and boiling above approximately 350 °C (662°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt.% or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	272-187-9	68783-13-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-034-00-3	Distillates (petroleum), petroleum residues vacuum; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the vacuum distillation of the residuum from the atmospheric distillation of crude oil.]	273-263-4	68955-27-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-035-00-9	Residues (petroleum), steam-cracked, resinous; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex residuum from the distillation of steam-cracked petroleum residues.]	273-272-3	68955-36-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-036-00-4	Distillates (petroleum), intermediate vacuum; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the vacuum distillation of the residuum from atmospheric distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₄ through C ₄₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 250 °C to 545 °C (482°F to 1013°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt. % or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	274-683-0	70592-76-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-037-00-X	Distillates (petroleum), light vacuum; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the vacuum distillation of the residuum from atmospheric distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₁ through C ₃₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 250 °C to 545 °C (482°F to 1013°F).]	274-684-6	70592-77-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-038-00-5	Distillates (petroleum), vacuum; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the vacuum distillation of the residuum from atmospheric distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₅₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 270 °C to 600 °C (518°F to 1112°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt.% or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	274-685-1	70592-78-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-039-00-0	Gas oils (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized coker heavy vacuum; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by hydrodesulfurization of heavy coker distillate stocks, It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range C ₁₈ to C ₄₄ and boiling in the range of approximately 304 °C to 548 °C (579°F to 1018°F). Likely to contain 5 % or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	285-555-9	85117-03-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-040-00-6	Residues (petroleum), steam-cracked, distillates; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained during the production of refined petroleum tar by the distillation of steam cracked tar. It consists predominantly of aromatic and other hydrocarbons and organic sulfur compounds.]	292-657-7	90669-75-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-041-00-1	Residues (petroleum), vacuum, light; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex residuum from the vacuum distillation of the residuum from atmospheric distillation of crude oil. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₄ and boiling above approximately 390 °C (734°F).]	292-658-2	90669-76-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-042-00-7	Fuel oil, heavy, high-sulfur; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the distillation of crude petroleum. It consists predominantly of aliphatic, aromatic and cycloaliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C ₂₅ and boiling above approximately 400 °C (752°F).]	295-396-7	92045-14-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-043-00-2	Residues (petroleum), catalytic cracking; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced as the residual fraction from the distillation of the products from a catalytic cracking process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₁₁ and boiling above approximately 200 °C (392°F).]	295-511-0	92061-97-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-044-00-8	Distillates (petroleum), intermediate catalytic cracked, thermally degraded; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a catalytic cracking process which has been used as a heat transfer fluid. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons boiling in the range of approximately 220 °C to 450 °C (428°F to 842°F). This stream is likely to contain organic sulfur compounds.]	295-990-6	92201-59-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-045-00-3	Residual oils (petroleum); Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons, sulfur compounds and metal-containing organic compounds obtained as the residue from refinery fractionation cracking processes. It produces a finished oil with a viscosity above 2cSt. at 100 °C.]	298-754-0	93821-66-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-046-00-9	Residues, steam cracked, thermally treated; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment and distillation of raw steam-cracked naphtha. It consists predominantly of unsaturated hydrocarbons boiling in the range above approximately 180 °C (356°F).]	308-733-0	98219-64-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-047-00-4	Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized full-range middle; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum stock with hydrogen. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₂₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 400 °C (302°F to 752°F).]	309-863-0	101316-57-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-048-00-X	Residues (petroleum), catalytic reformer fractionator; Heavy Fuel oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced as the residual fraction from distillation of the product from a catalytic reforming process. It consists of predominantly aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₀ through C ₂₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 160 °C to 400 °C (320°F to 725°F). This stream is likely to contain 5 wt. % or more of 4- or 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	265-069-3	64741-67-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-049-00-5	Petroleum; Crude oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons, It consists predominantly of aliphatic, alicyclic and aromatic hydrocarbons. It may also contain small amounts of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur compounds. This category encompasses light, medium, and heavy petroleums, as well as the oils extended from tar sands. Hydrocarbonaceous materials requiring major chemical changes for their recovery or conversion to petroleum refinery feedstocks such as crude shale oils; upgraded shale oils and liquid coal fuels are not included in this definition.]	232-298-5	8002-05-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-050-00-0	Distillates (petroleum), light paraffinic; Unrefined or mildly refined baseoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by vacuum distillation of the residuum from atmospheric distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons normally present in this distillation range of crude oil.]	265-051-5	64741-50-0	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-051-00-6	Distillates (petroleum), heavy paraffinic; Unrefined or mildly refined baseoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by vacuum distillation of the residuum from atmospheric distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons.]	265-052-0	64741-51-1	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-052-00-1	Distillates (petroleum), light naphthenic; Unrefined or mildly refined baseoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by vacuum distillation of the residuum from atmospheric distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-053-6	64741-52-2	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-053-00-7	Distillates (petroleum), heavy naphthenic; Unrefined or mildly refined baseoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by vacuum distillation of the residuum from atmospheric distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-054-1	64741-53-3	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-054-00-2	Distillates (petroleum), acid-treated heavy naphthenic; Unrefined or mildly refined baseoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a raffinate from a sulfuric acid treating process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-117-3	64742-18-3	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-055-00-8	Distillates (petroleum), acid-treated light naphthenic; Unrefined or mildly refined baseoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a raffinate from a sulfuric acid treating process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-118-9	64742-19-4	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-056-00-3	Distillates (petroleum), acid-treated heavy paraffinic; Unrefined or mildly refined baseoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a raffinate from a sulfuric acid process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil having a viscosity of a least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C).]	265-119-4	64742-20-7	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-057-00-9	Distillates (petroleum), acid-treated light paraffinic; Unrefined or mildly refined baseoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a raffinate from a sulfuric acid treating process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil having a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C).]	265-121-5	64742-21-8	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-058-00-4	Distillates (petroleum), chemically neutralized heavy paraffinic; Unrefined or mildly refined baseoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a treating process to remove acidic materials. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of aliphatic hydrocarbons.]	265-127-8	64742-27-4	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-059-00-X	Distillates (petroleum), chemically neutralized light paraffinic; Unrefined or mildly refined baseoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by a treating process to remove acidic materials. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C).]	265-128-3	64742-28-5	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-060-00-5	Distillates (petroleum), chemically neutralized heavy naphthenic; Unrefined or mildly refined baseoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by a treating process to remove acidic materials. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-135-1	64742-34-3	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-061-00-0	Distillates (petroleum), chemically neutralized light naphthenic; Unrefined or mildly refined baseoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by a treating process to remove acidic materials. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS a 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-136-7	64742-35-4	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-062-00-6	Gases (petroleum), catalytic cracked naphtha depropanizer overhead, C ₃ -rich acid-free; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from fractionation of catalytic cracked hydrocarbons and treated to remove acidic impurities. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₂ through C ₄ , predominantly C ₃ .]	270-755-0	68477-73-6	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-063-00-1	Gases (petroleum), catalytic cracker; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of the products from a catalytic cracking process. It consists predominantly of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	270-756-6	68477-74-7	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-064-00-7	Gases (petroleum), catalytic cracker, C ₁₋₅ -rich; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a catalytic cracking process. It consists of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ , predominantly C ₁ through C ₅ .]	270-757-1	68477-75-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-065-00-2	Gases (petroleum), catalytic polymd. naphtha stabilizer overhead, C ₂₋₄ -rich; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the fractionation stabilization of catalytic polymerized naphtha. It consists of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₂ through C ₆ , predominantly C ₂ through C ₄ .]	270-758-7	68477-76-9	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-066-00-8	Gases (petroleum), catalytic reformer, C ₁₋₄ -rich; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of products from a catalytic reforming process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ , predominantly C ₁ through C ₄ .]	270-760-8	68477-79-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-067-00-3	Gases (petroleum), C ₃₋₅ olefinic-paraffinic alkylation feed; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of olefinic and paraffinic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₃ through C ₅ which are used as alkylation feed. Ambient temperatures normally exceed the critical temperature of these combinations.]	270-765-5	68477-83-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-068-00-9	Gases (petroleum), C ₄ -rich; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of products from a catalytic fractionation process. It consists of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₃ through C ₅ , predominantly C ₄ .]	270-767-6	68477-85-0	⊗ ⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-069-00-4	Gases (petroleum), deethanizer overheads; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced from distillation of the gas and gasoline fractions from the catalytic cracking process. It contains predominantly ethane and ethylene.]	270-768-1	68477-86-1	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-070-00-X	Gases (petroleum), deisobutanizer tower overheads; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the atmospheric distillation of a butane-butylene stream. It consists of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₃ through C ₄ .]	270-769-7	68477-87-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-071-00-5	Gases (petroleum), depropanizer dry, propene-rich; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from the gas and gasoline fractions of a catalytic cracking process. It consists predominantly of propylene with some ethane and propane.]	270-772-3	68477-90-7	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-072-00-0	Gases (petroleum), depropanizer overheads; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of products from the gas and gasoline fractions of a catalytic cracking process. It consists of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ through C ₄ .]	270-773-9	68477-91-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-073-00-6	Gases (petroleum), gas recovery plant depropanizer overheads; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by fractionation of miscellaneous hydrocarbon streams. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ , predominantly propane.]	270-777-0	68477-94-1	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-074-00-1	Gases (petroleum), Girbatol unit feed; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons that is used as the feed into the Girbatol unit to remove hydrogen sulfide. It consists of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ through C ₄ .]	270-778-6	68477-95-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-075-00-7	Gases (petroleum), isomerized naphtha fractionator, C ₄ -rich, hydrogen sulfide-free; Petroleum gas	270-782-8	68477-99-6	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-076-00-2	Tail gas (petroleum), catalytic cracked clarified oil and thermal cracked vacuum residue fractionation reflux drum; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from fractionation of catalytic cracked clarified oil and thermal cracked vacuum residue. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	270-802-5	68478-21-7	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-077-00-8	Tail gas (petroleum), catalytic cracked naphtha stabilization absorber; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the stabilization of catalytic cracked naphtha. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	270-803-0	68478-22-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-078-00-3	Tail gas (petroleum), catalytic cracker, catalytic reformer and hydrodesulfurizer combined fractionater; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the fractionation of products from catalytic cracking, catalytic reforming and hydrodesulfurizing processes treated to remove acidic impurities. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	270-804-6	68478-24-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-079-00-9	Tail gas (petroleum), catalytic reformed naphtha fractionation stabilizer; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the fractionation stabilization of catalytic reformed naphtha. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	270-806-7	68478-26-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-080-00-4	Tail gas (petroleum), saturate gas plant mixed stream, C ₄ -rich; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the fractionation stabilization of straight-run naphtha, distillation tail gas and catalytic reformed naphtha stabilizer tail gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₃ through C ₆ , predominantly butane and isobutane.]	270-813-5	68478-32-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-081-00-X	Tail gas (petroleum), saturate gas recovery plant, C ₁₋₂ -rich; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from fractionation of distillate tail gas, straight-run naphtha, catalytic reformed naphtha stabilizer tail gas. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ , predominantly methane and ethane.]	270-814-0	68478-33-1	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-082-00-5	Tail gas (petroleum), vacuum residues thermal cracker; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the thermal cracking of vacuum residues. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	270-815-6	68478-34-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-083-00-0	Hydrocarbons, C ₃₋₄ -rich, petroleum distillate; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation and condensation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₃ through C ₅ , predominantly C ₃ through C ₄ .]	270-990-9	68512-91-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-084-00-6	Gases (petroleum), full-range straight-run naphtha dehexanizer off; petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the fractionation of the full-range straight-run naphtha. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ through C ₆ .]	271-000-8	68513-15-5	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-085-00-1	Gases (petroleum), hydrocracking depropanizer off, hydrocarbon-rich; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbon produced by the distillation of products from a hydrocracking process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ . It may also contain small amounts of hydrogen and hydrogen sulfide.]	271-001-3	68513-16-6	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-086-00-7	Gases (petroleum), light straight-run naphtha stabilizer off; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the stabilization of light straight-run naphtha. It consists of saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ through C ₆ .]	271-002-9	68513-17-7	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-087-00-2	Residues (petroleum), alkylation splitter, C ₄ -rich; Petroleum gas; [A complex residuum from the distillation of streams various refinery operations. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₄ through C ₅ , predominantly butane and boiling in the range of approximately - 11.7 °C to 27.8 °C (11°F to 82°F).]	271-010-2	68513-66-6	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-088-00-8	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₋₄ ; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons provided by thermal cracking and absorber operations and by distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ and boiling in the range of approximately minus 164 °C to minus 0.5 °C (-263°F to 31°F).]	271-032-2	68514-31-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-089-00-3	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₋₄ , sweetened; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by subjecting hydrocarbon gases to a sweetening process to convert mercaptans or to remove acidic impurities. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ and boiling in the range of approximately - 164 °C to - 0.5 °C (-263°F to 31°F).]	271-038-5	68514-36-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-090-00-9	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₋₃ ; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₃ and boiling in the range of approximately minus 164 °C to minus 42 °C (-263°F to - 44°F).]	271-259-7	68527-16-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-091-00-4	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₋₄ , debutanizer fraction; Petroleum gas	271-261-8	68527-19-5	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-092-00-X	Gases (petroleum), C ₁₋₅ , wet; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of crude oil and/or the cracking of tower gas oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	271-624-0	68602-83-5	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-093-00-5	Hydrocarbons, C ₂₋₄ ; Petroleum gas	271-734-9	68606-25-7	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-094-00-0	Hydrocarbons, C ₃ ; Petroleum gas	271-735-4	68606-26-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-095-00-6	Gases (petroleum), alkylation feed; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the catalytic cracking of gas oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₃ through C ₄ .]	271-737-5	68606-27-9	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-096-00-1	Gases (petroleum), depropanizer bottoms fractionation off; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the fractionation of depropanizer bottoms. It consists predominantly of butane, isobutane and butadiene.]	271-742-2	68606-34-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-097-00-7	Gases (petroleum), refinery blend; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination obtained from various processes. It consists of hydrogen, hydrogen sulfide and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	272-183-7	68783-07-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-098-00-2	Gases (petroleum), catalytic cracking; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of the products from a catalytic cracking process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₃ through C ₅ .]	272-203-4	68783-64-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-099-00-8	Gases (petroleum), C ₂₋₄ , sweetened; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by subjecting a petroleum distillate to a sweetening process to convert mercaptans or to remove acidic impurities. It consists predominantly of saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ through C ₄ and boiling in the range of approximately - 51 °C to - 34 °C (-60°F to - 30°F).]	272-205-5	68783-65-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-100-00-1	Gases (petroleum), crude oil fractionation off; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the fractionation of crude oil. It consists of saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	272-871-7	68918-99-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-101-00-7	Gases (petroleum), dehexanizer off; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the fractionation of combined naphtha streams. It consists of saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	272-872-2	68919-00-6	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-102-00-2	Gases (petroleum), light straight run gasoline fractionation stabilizer off; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the fractionation of light straight-run gasoline. It consists of saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	272-878-5	68919-05-1	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-103-00-8	Gases (petroleum), naphtha unifier desulfurization stripper off; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by a naphtha unifier desulfurization process and stripped from the naphtha product. It consists of saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	272-879-0	68919-06-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-104-00-3	Gases (petroleum), straight-run naphtha catalytic reforming off; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the catalytic reforming of straight-run naphtha and fractionation of the total effluent. It consists of methane, ethane, and propane.]	272-882-7	68919-09-5	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-105-00-9	Gases (petroleum), fluidized catalytic cracker splitter overheads; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the fractionation of the charge to the C ₃ -C ₄ splitter. It consists predominantly of C ₃ hydrocarbons.]	272-893-7	68919-20-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-106-00-4	Gases (petroleum), straight-run stabilizer off; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the fractionation of the liquid from the first tower used in the distillation of crude oil. It consists of saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	272-883-2	68919-10-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-107-00-X	Gases (petroleum), catalytic cracked naphtha debutanizer; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from fractionation of catalytic cracked naphtha. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	273-169-3	68952-76-1	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-108-00-5	Tail gas (petroleum), catalytic cracked distillate and naphtha stabilizer; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the fractionation of catalytic cracked naphtha and distillate. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	273-170-9	68952-77-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-109-00-0	Tail gas (petroleum), thermal-cracked distillate, gas oil and naphtha absorber; petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the separation of thermal-cracked distillates, naphtha and gas oil. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	273-175-6	68952-81-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-110-00-6	Tail gas (petroleum), thermal cracked hydrocarbon fractionation stabilizer, petroleum coking; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the fractionation stabilization of thermal cracked hydrocarbons from petroleum coking process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	273-176-1	68952-82-9	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-111-00-1	Gases (petroleum, light steam-cracked, butadiene conc.; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a thermal cracking process. It consists of hydrocarbons having a carbon number predominantly of C ₄ .]	273-265-5	68955-28-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-112-00-7	Gases (petroleum), straight-run naphtha catalytic reformer stabilizer overhead; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the catalytic reforming of straight-run naphtha and the fractionation of the total effluent. It consists of saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ through C ₄ .]	273-270-2	68955-34-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-113-00-2	Hydrocarbons, C ₄ ; Petroleum gas	289-339-5	87741-01-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-114-00-8	Alkanes, C ₁₋₄ , C ₃ -rich; Petroleum gas	292-456-4	90622-55-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-115-00-3	Gases (petroleum), steam-cracker C ₃ -rich; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a steam cracking process. It consists predominantly of propylene with some propane and boils in the range of approximately - 70 °C to 0 °C (-94°F to 32°F).]	295-404-9	92045-22-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-116-00-9	Hydrocarbons, C ₄ , steam-cracker distillate; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of the products of a steam cracking process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having a carbon number of C ₄ , predominantly 1-butene and 2-butene, containing also butane and isobutene and boiling in the range of approximately minus 12 °C to 5 °C (10.4°F to 41°F).]	295-405-4	92045-23-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-117-00-4	Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened, C ₄ fraction; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by subjecting a liquified petroleum gas mix to a sweetening process to oxidize mercaptans or to remove acidic impurities. It consists predominantly of C ₄ saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons.]	295-463-0	92045-80-2	F+; R12 Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	F+; T R: 12-45-46 S: 53-45		HKS
649-118-00-X	Hydrocarbons, C ₄ , 1,3-butadiene- and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas	306-004-1	95465-89-7	⊗ Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H K
649-119-00-5	Raffinates (petroleum), steam-cracked C ₄ fraction cuprous ammonium acetate extn., C _{3,5} and C _{3,5} unsatd., butadiene-free; Petroleum gas	307-769-4	97722-19-5	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-120-00-0	Gases (petroleum), amine system feed; Refinery gas; [The feed gas to the amine system for removal of hydrogen sulfide. It consists of hydrogen. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulfide and aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ may also be present.]	270-746-1	68477-65-6	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-121-00-6	Gases (petroleum), benzene unit hydrodesulfurizer off; Refinery gas; [Off gases produced by the benzene unit. It consists primarily of hydrogen. Carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ , including benzene, may also be present.]	270-747-7	68477-66-7	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-122-00-1	Gases (petroleum), benzene unit recycle, hydrogen-rich; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by recycling the gases of the benzene unit. It consists primarily of hydrogen with various small amounts of carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	270-748-2	68477-67-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-123-00-7	Gases (petroleum), blend oil, hydrogen-nitrogen-rich; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation of a blend oil. It consists primarily of hydrogen and nitrogen with various small amounts of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	270-749-8	68477-68-9	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-124-00-2	Gases (petroleum), catalytic reformed naphtha stripper overheads; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from stabilization of catalytic reformed naphtha. Its consists of hydrogen and saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	270-759-2	68477-77-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-125-00-8	Gases (petroleum), C ₆₋₈ catalytic reformer recycle; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of products from catalytic reforming of C ₆ -C ₈ feed and recycled to conserve hydrogen. It consists primarily of hydrogen. It may also contain various small amounts of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen, and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	270-761-3	68477-80-5	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-126-00-3	Gases (petroleum), C ₆₋₈ catalytic reformer; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of products from catalytic reforming of C ₆ -C ₈ feed. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ and hydrogen.]	270-762-9	68477-81-6	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-127-00-9	Gases (petroleum), C ₆₋₈ catalytic reformer recycle, hydrogen-rich; Refinery gas	270-763-4	68477-82-7	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-128-00-4	Gases (petroleum), C ₂ -return stream; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the extraction of hydrogen from a gas stream which consists primarily of hydrogen with small amounts of nitrogen, carbon monoxide, methane, ethane, and ethylene. It contains predominantly hydrocarbons such as methane, ethane, and ethylene with small amounts of hydrogen, nitrogen and carbon monoxide.]	270-766-0	68477-84-9	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-129-00-X	Gases (petroleum), dry sour, gas-concn.-unit-off; Refinery gas; [The complex combination of dry gases from a gas concentration unit. It consists of hydrogen, hydrogen sulfide and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₃ .]	270-774-4	68477-92-9	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-130-00-5	Gases (petroleum), gas concn. reabsorber distn.; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of products from combined gas streams in a gas concentration reabsorber. It consists predominantly of hydrogen, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen, hydrogen sulfide and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₁ through C ₃ .]	270-776-5	68477-93-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-131-00-0	Gases (petroleum), hydrogen absorber off; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained by absorbing hydrogen from a hydrogen rich stream. It consists of hydrogen, carbon monoxide, nitrogen, and methane with small amounts of C ₂ hydrocarbons.]	270-779-1	68477-96-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-132-00-6	Gases (petroleum), hydrogen-rich; Refinery gas; [A complex combination separated as a gas from hydrocarbon gases by chilling. It consists primarily of hydrogen with various small amounts of carbon monoxide, nitrogen, methane, and C ₂ hydrocarbons.]	270-780-7	68477-97-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-133-00-1	Gases (petroleum), hydrotreater blend oil recycle, hydrogen-nitrogen-rich; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained from recycled hydrotreated blend oil. It consists primarily of hydrogen and nitrogen with various small amounts of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	270-781-2	68477-98-5	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-134-00-7	Gases (petroleum), recycle, hydrogen-rich; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained from recycled reactor gases. It consists primarily of hydrogen with various small amounts of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen, hydrogen sulfide, and saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	270-783-3	68478-00-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-135-00-2	Gases (petroleum), reformer make-up, hydrogen-rich; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained from the reformers. It consists primarily of hydrogen with various small amounts of carbon monoxide and aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	270-784-9	68478-01-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-136-00-8	Gases (petroleum), reforming hydrotreater; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained from the reforming hydrotreating process. It consists primarily of hydrogen, methane, and ethane with various small amounts of hydrogen sulfide and aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₃ through C ₅ .]	270-785-4	68478-02-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-137-00-3	Gases (petroleum), reforming hydrotreater, hydrogen-methane-rich; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained from the reforming hydrotreating process. It consists primarily of hydrogen and methane with various small amounts of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen and saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ through C ₅ .]	270-787-5	68478-03-5	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-138-00-9	Gases (petroleum), reforming hydrotreater make-up, hydrogen-rich; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained from the reforming hydrotreating process. It consists primarily of hydrogen with various small amounts of carbon monoxide and aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	270-788-0	68478-04-6	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-139-00-4	Gases (petroleum), thermal cracking distn.; Refinery gas; [A complex combination produced by distillation of products from a thermal cracking process. It consists of hydrogen, hydrogen sulfide, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	270-789-6	68478-05-7	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-140-00-X	Tail gas (petroleum), catalytic cracker refractionation absorber; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from refractionation of products from a catalytic cracking process. It consists of hydrogen and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₃ .]	270-805-1	68478-25-1	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-141-00-5	Tail gas (petroleum), catalytic reformed naphtha separator; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the catalytic reforming of straight run naphtha. It consists of hydrogen and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	270-807-2	68478-27-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-142-00-0	Tail gas (petroleum), catalytic reformed naphtha stabilizer; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the stabilization of catalytic reformed naphtha. It consists of hydrogen and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	270-808-8	68478-28-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-143-00-6	Tail gas (petroleum), cracked distillate hydrotreater separator; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating cracked distillates with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrogen and saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	270-809-3	68478-29-5	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-144-00-1	Tail gas (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized straight-run naphtha separator; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from hydrodesulfurization of straight-run naphtha. It consists of hydrogen and saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	270-810-9	68478-30-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-145-00-7	Gases (petroleum), catalytic reformed straight-run naphtha stabilizer overheads; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the catalytic reforming of straight-run naphtha followed by fractionation of the total effluent. It consists of hydrogen, methane, ethane and propane.]	270-999-8	68513-14-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-146-00-2	Gases (petroleum), reformer effluent high-pressure flash drum off; Refinery gas; [A complex combination produced by the high-pressure flashing of the effluent from the reforming reactor. It consists primarily of hydrogen with various small amounts of methane, ethane, and propane.]	271-003-4	68513-18-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-147-00-8	Gases (petroleum), reformer effluent low-pressure flash drum off; Refinery gas; [A complex combination produced by low-pressure flashing of the effluent from the reforming reactor. It consists primarily of hydrogen with various small amounts of methane, ethane, and propane.]	271-005-5	68513-19-9	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-148-00-3	Gases (petroleum), oil refinery gas distn. off; Refinery gas; [A complex combination separated by distillation of a gas stream containing hydrogen, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ or obtained by cracking ethane and propane. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₂ , hydrogen, nitrogen, and carbon monoxide.]	271-258-1	68527-15-1	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-149-00-9	Gases (petroleum), benzene unit hydrotreater depentanizer overheads; Refinery gas; [A complex combination produced by treating the feed from the benzene unit with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst followed by depentanizing. It consists primarily of hydrogen, ethane and propane with various small amounts of nitrogen, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ . It may contain trace amounts of benzene.]	271-623-5	68602-82-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-150-00-4	Gases (petroleum), secondary absorber off, fluidized catalytic cracker overheads fractionator; Refinery gas; [A complex combination produced by the fractionation of the overhead products from the catalytic cracking process in the fluidized catalytic cracker. It consists of hydrogen, nitrogen, and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₃ .]	271-625-6	68602-84-6	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-151-00-X	Petroleum products, refinery gases; Refinery gas; [A complex combination which consists primarily of hydrogen with various small amounts of methane, ethane, and propane.]	271-750-6	68607-11-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-152-00-5	Gases (petroleum), hydrocracking low-pressure separator; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained by the liquid-vapor separation of the hydrocracking process reactor effluent. It consists predominantly of hydrogen and saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₃ .]	272-182-1	68783-06-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-153-00-0	Gases (petroleum), refinery; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained from various petroleum refining operations. It consists of hydrogen and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₃ .]	272-338-9	68814-67-5	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-154-00-6	Gases (petroleum), platformer products separator off; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained from the chemical reforming of naphthenes to aromatics. It consists of hydrogen and saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ through C ₄ .]	272-343-6	68814-90-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-155-00-1	Gases (petroleum), hydrotreated sour kerosine depentanizer stabilizer off; Refinery gas; [The complex combination obtained from the depentanizer stabilization of hydrotreated kerosine. It consists primarily of hydrogen, methane, ethane, and propane with various small amounts of nitrogen, hydrogen sulfide, carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₅ .]	272-775-5	68911-58-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-156-00-7	Gases (petroleum), hydrotreated sour kerosine flash drum; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained from the flash drum of the unit treating sour kerosine with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists primarily of hydrogen and methane with various small amounts of nitrogen, carbon monoxide, and hydro-carbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ through C ₅ .]	272-776-0	68911-59-1	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-157-00-2	Gases (petroleum), distillate unifiner desulfurization stripper off; Refinery gas; [A complex combination stripped from the liquid product of the unifiner desulfurization process. It consists of hydrogen sulfide, methane, ethane, and propane.]	272-873-8	68919-01-7	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-158-00-8	Gases (petroleum), fluidized catalytic cracker fractionation off; Refinery gas; [A complex combination produced by the fractionation of the overhead product of the fluidized catalytic cracking process. It consists of hydrogen, hydrogen sulfide, nitrogen, and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	272-874-3	68919-02-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-159-00-3	Gases (petroleum), fluidized catalytic cracker scrubbing secondary absorber off; Refinery gas; [A complex combination produced by scrubbing the overhead gas from the fluidized catalytic cracker. It consists of hydrogen, nitrogen, methane, ethane and propane.]	272-875-9	68919-03-9	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-160-00-9	Gases (petroleum), heavy distillate hydrotreater desulfurization stripper off; Refinery gas; [A complex combination stripped from the liquid product of the heavy distillate hydrotreater desulfurization process. It consists of hydrogen, hydrogen sulfide, and saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	272-876-4	68919-04-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-161-00-4	Gases (petroleum), platformer stabilizer off, light ends fractionation; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained by the fractionation of the light ends of the platinum reactors of the platformer unit. It consists of hydrogen, methane, ethane and propane.]	272-880-6	68919-07-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-162-00-X	Gases (petroleum), preflash tower off, crude distn.; Refinery gas; [A complex combination produced from the first tower used in the distillation of crude oil. It consists of nitrogen and saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	272-881-1	68919-08-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-163-00-5	Gases (petroleum), tar stripper off; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained by the fractionation of reduced crude oil. It consists of hydrogen and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	272-884-8	68919-11-9	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-164-00-0	Gases (petroleum), unifiner stripper off; Refinery gas; [A combination of hydrogen and methane obtained by fractionation of the products from the unifiner unit.]	272-885-3	68919-12-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-165-00-6	Tail gas (petroleum), catalytic hydrodesulfurized naphtha separator; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the hydrodesulfurization of naphtha. It consists of hydrogen, methane, ethane, and propane.]	273-173-5	68952-79-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-166-00-1	Tail gas (petroleum), straight-run naphtha hydrodesulfurizer; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained from the hydrodesulfurization of straight-run naphtha. It consists of hydrogen and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	273-174-0	68952-80-7	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-167-00-7	Gases (petroleum), sponge absorber off, fluidized catalytic cracker and gas oil desulfurizer overhead fractionation; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained by the fractionation of products from the fluidized catalytic cracker and gas oil desulfurizer. It consists of hydrogen and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	273-269-7	68955-33-9	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-168-00-2	Gases (petroleum), crude distn. and catalytic cracking; Refinery gas; [A complex combination produced by crude distillation and catalytic cracking processes. It consists of hydrogen, hydrogen sulfide, nitrogen, carbon monoxide and paraffinic and olefinic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	273-563-5	68989-88-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-169-00-8	Gases (petroleum), gas oil diethanolamine scrubber off; Refinery gas; [A complex combination produced by desulfurization of gas oils with diethanolamine. It consists predominantly of hydrogen sulfide, hydrogen and aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	295-397-2	92045-15-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-170-00-3	Gases (petroleum), gas oil hydrodesulfurization effluent; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained by separation of the liquid phase from the effluent from the hydrogenation reaction. It consists predominantly of hydrogen, hydrogen sulfide and aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₃ .]	295-398-8	92045-16-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-171-00-9	Gases (petroleum), gas oil hydrodesulfurization purge; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of gases obtained from the reformer and from the purges from the hydrogenation reactor. It consists predominantly of hydrogen and aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	295-399-3	92045-17-5	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-172-00-4	Gases (petroleum), hydrogenator effluent flash drum off; Refinery gas; [A complex combination of gases obtained from flash of the effluents after the hydrogenation reaction. It consists predominantly of hydrogen and aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	295-400-7	92045-18-6	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-173-00-X	Gases (petroleum), naphtha steam cracking high-pressure residual; Refinery gas; [A complex combination obtained as a mixture of the non-condensable portions from the product of a naphtha steam cracking process as well as residual gases obtained during the preparation of subsequent products. It consists predominantly of hydrogen and paraffinic and olefinic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ with which natural gas may also be mixed.]	295-401-2	92045-19-7	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-174-00-5	Gases (petroleum), residue visbaking off; Refinery gas; A complex combination obtained from viscosity reduction of residues in a furnace. It consists predominantly of hydrogen sulfide and paraffinic and olefinic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	295-402-8	92045-20-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-175-00-0	Foots oil (petroleum), acid-treated; Foots oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treatment of Foot's oil with sulfuric acid. It consists predominantly of branched-chain hydrocarbons with carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ .]	300-225-7	93924-31-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-176-00-6	Foots oil (petroleum), clay-treated; Foots oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treatment of Foot's oil with natural or modified clay in either a contacting or percolation process to remove the trace amounts of polar compounds and impurities present. It consists predominantly of branched chain hydrocarbons with carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ .]	300-226-2	93924-32-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-177-00-1	Gases (petroleum), C ₃₋₄ ; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of products from the cracking of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₃ through C ₄ , predominantly of propane and propylene, and boiling in the range of approximately - 51 °C to - 1 °C (- 60°F to 30°F.)]	268-629-5	68131-75-9	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-178-00-7	Tail gas (petroleum), catalytic cracked distillate and catalytic cracked naphtha fractionation absorber; Petroleum gas; [The complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of the products from catalytic cracked distillates and catalytic cracked naphtha. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	269-617-2	68307-98-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-179-00-2	Tail gas (petroleum), catalytic polymn. naphtha fractionation stabilizer; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from the fractionation stabilization products from polymerization of naphtha. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	269-618-8	68307-99-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-180-00-8	Tail gas (petroleum), catalytic reformed naphtha fractionation stabilizer, hydrogen sulfide-free; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from fractionation stabilization of catalytic reformed naphtha and from which hydrogen sulfide has been removed by amine treatment. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	269-619-3	68308-00-9	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-181-00-3	Tail gas (petroleum), cracked distillate hydrotreater stripper; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating thermal cracked distillates with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	269-620-9	68308-01-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-182-00-9	Tail gas (petroleum), straight-run distillate hydrodesulfurizer, hydrogen sulfide-free; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from catalytic hydrodesulfurization of straight run distillates and from which hydrogen sulfide has been removed by amine treatment. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	269-630-3	68308-10-1	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-183-00-4	Tail gas (petroleum), gas oil catalytic cracking absorber; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of products from the catalytic cracking of gas oil. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	269-623-5	68308-03-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-184-00-X	Tail gas (petroleum), gas recovery plant; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of products from miscellaneous hydrocarbon streams. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	269-624-0	68308-04-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-185-00-5	Tail gas (petroleum), gas recovery plant deethanizer; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of products from miscellaneous hydrocarbon streams. It consists of hydrocarbon having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	269-625-6	68308-05-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-186-00-0	Tail gas (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized distillate and hydrodesulfurized naphtha fractionator, acid-free; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from fractionation of hydrodesulfurized naphtha and distillate hydrocarbon streams and treated to remove acidic impurities. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	269-626-1	68308-06-5	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-187-00-6	Tail gas (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized vacuum gas oil stripper, hydrogen sulfide-free; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from stripping stabilization of catalytic hydrodesulfurized vacuum gas oil and from which hydrogen sulfide has been removed by amine treatment. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	269-627-7	68308-07-6	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-188-00-1	Tail gas (petroleum), light straight-run naphtha stabilizer, hydrogen sulfide-free; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from fractionation stabilization of light straight run naphtha and from which hydrogen sulfide has been removed by amine treatment. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	269-629-8	68308-09-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-189-00-7	Tail gas (petroleum), propane-propylene alkylation feed prep deethanizer; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of the reaction products of propane with propylene. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	269-631-9	68308-11-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-190-00-2	Tail gas (petroleum), vacuum gas oil hydrodesulfurizer, hydrogen sulfide-free; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from catalytic hydrodesulfurization of vacuum gas oil and from which hydrogen sulfide has been removed by amine treatment. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₆ .]	269-632-4	68308-12-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-191-00-8	Gases (petroleum), catalytic cracked overheads; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from the catalytic cracking process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₃ through C ₅ and boiling in the range of approximately - 48 °C to 32 °C (-54°F to 90°F).]	270-071-2	68409-99-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-193-00-9	Alkanes, C ₁₋₂ ; Petroleum gas	270-651-5	68475-57-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-194-00-4	Alkanes, C ₂₋₃ ; Petroleum gas	270-652-0	68475-58-1	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-195-00-X	Alkanes, C ₃₋₄ ; Petroleum gas	270-653-6	68475-59-2	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-196-00-5	Alkanes, C ₄₋₅ ; Petroleum gas	270-654-1	68475-60-5	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-197-00-0	Fuel gases; Petroleum gas; [A combination of light gases. It consists predominantly of hydrogen and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons.]	270-667-2	68476-26-6	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-198-00-6	Fuel gases, crude oil of distillates; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of light gases produced by distillation of crude oil and by catalytic reforming of naphtha. It consists of hydrogen and hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ and boiling in the range of approximately - 217 °C to - 12 °C (- 423°F to 10°F).]	270-670-9	68476-29-9	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-199-00-1	Hydrocarbons, C ₃₋₄ ; Petroleum gas	270-681-9	68476-40-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-200-00-5	Hydrocarbons, C ₄₋₅ ; Petroleum gas	270-682-4	68476-42-6	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-201-00-0	Hydrocarbons, C ₂₋₄ , C ₃ -rich; Petroleum gas	270-689-2	68476-49-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-202-00-6	Petroleum gases, liquefied; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₃ through C ₇ and boiling in the range of approximately - 40 °C to 80 °C (- 40 °F to 176 °F).]	270-704-2	68476-85-7	F+; R12 Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	F+; T R: 12-45-46 S: 53-45		HKS
649-203-00-1	Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by subjecting liquefied petroleum gas mix to a sweetening process to convert mercaptans or to remove acidic impurities. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₃ through C ₇ and boiling in the range of approximately - 40 °C to 80 °C (-40 °F to 176 °F).]	270-705-8	68476-86-8	F+; R12 Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	F+; T R: 12-45-46 S: 45-53		HKS
649-204-00-7	Gases (petroleum), C ₃₋₄ , isobutane-rich; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons usually ranging in carbon numbers from C ₃ through C ₆ , predominantly butane and isobutane. It consists of saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₃ through C ₄ , predominantly isobutane.]	270-724-1	68477-33-8	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-205-00-2	Distillates (petroleum), C ₃₋₆ , piperylene-rich; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of saturated and unsaturated aliphatic hydrocarbons usually ranging in the carbon numbers C ₃ through C ₆ . It consists of saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₃ through C ₆ , predominantly piperylenes.]	270-726-2	68477-35-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-206-00-8	Gases (petroleum), butane splitter overheads; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of the butane stream. It consists of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₃ through C ₄ .]	270-750-3	68477-69-0	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-207-00-3	Gases (petroleum), C ₂ ; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a catalytic fractionation process. It contains predominantly ethane, ethylene, propane, and propylene.]	270-751-9	68477-70-3	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-208-00-9	Gases (petroleum), catalytic-cracked gas oil depropanizer bottoms, C ₄ -rich acid-free; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from fractionation of catalytic cracked gas oil hydrocarbon stream and treated to remove hydrogen sulfide and other acidic components. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₃ through C ₅ , predominantly C ₄ .]	270-752-4	68477-71-4	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-209-00-4	Gases (petroleum), catalytic-cracked naphtha debutanizer bottoms, C ₃₋₅ -rich; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the stabilization of catalytic cracked naphtha. It consists of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₃ through C ₅ .]	270-754-5	68477-72-5	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K
649-210-00-X	Tail gas (petroleum), isomerized naphtha fractionation stabilizer; Petroleum gas; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the fractionation stabilization products from isomerized naphtha. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₄ .]	269-628-2	68308-08-7	⊗ Carc. Cat. 1; R45 Muta. Cat. 2; R46	T R: 45-46 S: 53-45		H K

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-211-00-5	Foots oil (petroleum), carbon-treated; Foots oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment of Foots oil with activated carbon for the removal of trace constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of saturated straight chain hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₁₂ .]	308-126-0	97862-76-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-212-00-0	Distillates (petroleum), sweetened middle; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by subjecting a petroleum distillate to a sweetening process to convert mercaptans or to remove acidic impurities. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₂₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 345 °C (302°F to 653°F).]	265-088-7	64741-86-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-213-00-6	Gas oils (petroleum), solvent-refined; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₁ through C ₂₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 205 °C to 400 °C (401°F to 752°F).]	265-092-9	64741-90-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-214-00-1	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined middle; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₂₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 345 °C (302°F to 653°F).]	265-093-4	64741-91-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-215-00-7	Gas oils (petroleum), acid-treated; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a raffinate from a sulfuric acid treating process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₃ through C ₂₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 230 °C to 400 °C (446°F to 752°F).]	265-112-6	64742-12-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-216-00-2	Distillates (petroleum), acid-treated middle; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a raffinate from a sulfuric acid treating process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₁ through C ₂₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 205 °C to 345 °C (401°F to 653°F).]	265-113-1	64742-13-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-217-00-8	Distillates (petroleum), acid-treated light; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a raffinate from a sulfuric acid treating process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₁₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 290 °C (302°F to 554°F).]	265-114-7	64742-14-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-218-00-3	Gas oils (petroleum), chemically neutralized; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by a treating process to remove acidic materials. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₃ through C ₂₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 230 °C to 400 °C (446°F to 752°F).]	265-129-9	64742-29-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-219-00-9	Distillates (petroleum), chemically neutralized middle; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by a treating process to remove acidic materials. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₁ through C ₂₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 205 °C to 345 °C (401°F to 653°F).]	265-130-4	64742-30-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-220-00-4	Distillates (petroleum), clay-treated middle; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons resulting from treatment of a petroleum fraction with natural or modified clay, usually in a percolation process to remove the trace amounts of polar compounds and impurities present. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₂₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 345 °C (302°F to 653°F).]	265-139-3	64742-38-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-221-00-X	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₁ through C ₂₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 205 °C to 400 °C (401°F to 752°F).]	265-148-2	64742-46-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-222-00-5	Gas oils (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a petroleum stock by treating with hydrogen to convert organic sulfur to hydrogen sulfide which is removed. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₃ through C ₂₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 230 °C to 400 °C (446°F to 752°F).]	265-182-8	64742-79-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-223-00-0	Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a petroleum stock by treating with hydrogen to convert organic sulfur to hydrogen sulfide which is removed. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₁ through C ₂₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 205 °C to 400 °C (401°F to 752°F).]	265-183-3	64742-80-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-224-00-6	Fuels, diesel; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₂₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 163 °C to 357 °C (325°F to 675°F).]	269-822-7	68334-30-5	Carc. Cat. 3; R40	Xn R: 40 S: (2-)36/37		H N
649-225-00-1	Fuel oil, No 2; Gasoil — unspecified; [A distillate oil having a minimum viscosity of 32,6 SUS at 37,7 °C (100°F) to a maximum of 37,9 SUS at 37,7 °C (100°F).]	270-671-4	68476-30-2	Carc. Cat. 3; R40	Xn R: 40 S: (2-)36/37		H
649-226-00-7	Fuel oil, No 4; Gasoil — unspecified; [A distillate oil having a minimum viscosity of 45 SUS at 37,7 °C (100°F) to a maximum of 125 SUS at 37,7 °C (100°F).]	270-673-5	68476-31-3	Carc. Cat. 3; R40	Xn R: 40 S: (2-)36/37		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-227-00-2	Fuels, diesel, No 2; Gasoil — unspecified; [A distillate oil having a minimum viscosity of 32,6 SUS at 37,7 °C (100°F).]	270-676-1	68476-34-6	Carc. Cat. 3; R40	Xn R: 40 S: (2-)36/37		H
649-228-00-8	Distillates (petroleum), catalytic reformer fractionator residue, high-boiling; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of catalytic reformer fractionator residue. It boils in the range of approximately 343 °C to 399 °C (650°F to 750°F).]	270-719-4	68477-29-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-229-00-3	Distillates (petroleum), catalytic reformer fractionator residue, intermediate-boiling; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of catalytic reformer fractionator residue. It boils in the range of approximately 288 °C to 371 °C (550°F to 700°F).]	270-721-5	68477-30-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-230-00-9	Distillates (petroleum), catalytic reformer fractionator residue, low-boiling; Gasoil — unspecified; [The complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of catalytic reformer fractionator residue. It boils approximately below 288 °C (550°F).]	270-722-0	68477-31-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-231-00-4	Distillates (petroleum), highly refined middle; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the subjection of a petroleum fraction to several of the following steps: filtration, centrifugation, atmospheric distillation, vacuum distillation, acidification, neutralization and clay treatment. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₀ through C ₂₀ .]	292-615-8	90640-93-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-232-00-X	Distillates (petroleum) catalytic reformer, heavy arom. conc.; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of a catalytically reformed petroleum cut. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₀ through C ₁₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 200 °C to 300 °C (392°F to 572°F).]	295-294-2	91995-34-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-233-00-5	Gas oils, paraffinic; Gasoil — unspecified; [A distillate obtained from the redistillation of a complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the distillation of the effluents from a severe catalytic hydrotreatment of paraffins. It boils in the range of approximately 190 °C to 330 °C (374°F to 594°F).]	300-227-8	93924-33-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-234-00-0	Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined hydrodesulfurized heavy; Gasoil — unspecified	307-035-3	97488-96-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-235-00-6	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₆₋₂₀ , hydrotreated middle distillate, distn. lights; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as first runnings from the vacuum distillation of effluents from the treatment of a middle distillate with hydrogen. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₆ through C ₂₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 290 °C to 350 °C (554°F to 662°F). It produces a finished oil having a viscosity of 2cSt at 100 °C (212°F).]	307-659-6	97675-85-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-236-00-1	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₂₋₂₀ , hydrotreated paraffinic, distn. lights; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as first runnings from the vacuum distillation of effluents from the treatment of heavy paraffins with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₂ through C ₂₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 230 °C to 350 °C (446°F to 662°F). It produces a finished oil having a viscosity of 2cSt at 100 °C (212°F).]	307-660-1	97675-86-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-237-00-7	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₁₋₁₇ , solvent-extd. light naphthenic; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by extraction of the aromatics from a light naphthenic distillate having a viscosity of 2.2 cSt at 40 °C (104°F). It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₁ through C ₁₇ and boiling in the range of approximately 200 °C to 300 °C (392°F to 572°F).]	307-757-9	97722-08-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-238-00-2	Gas oils, hydrotreated; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the redistillation of the effluents from the treatment of paraffins with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₇ through C ₂₇ and boiling in the range of approximately 330 °C to 340 °C (626°F to 644°F).]	308-128-1	97862-78-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-239-00-8	Distillates (petroleum), carbon-treated light paraffinic; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment of a petroleum oil fraction with activated charcoal for the removal of traces of polar constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₂ through C ₂₈ .]	309-667-5	100683-97-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-240-00-3	Distillates (petroleum), intermediate paraffinic, carbon-treated; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment of petroleum with activated charcoal for the removal of trace polar constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₆ through C ₃₆ .]	309-668-0	100683-98-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-241-00-9	Distillates (petroleum), intermediate paraffinic, clay-treated; Gasoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment of petroleum with bleaching earth for the removal of trace polar constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₆ through C ₃₆ .]	309-669-6	100683-99-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-242-00-4	Alkanes, C ₁₂₋₂₆ -branched and linear	292-454-3	90622-53-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-243-00-X	Lubricating greases; Grease; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₂ through C ₅₀ . May contain organic salts of alkali metals, alkaline earth metals, and/or aluminium compounds.]	278-011-7	74869-21-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-244-00-5	Slack wax (petroleum); Slack wax; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization (solvent dewaxing) or as a distillation fraction from a very waxy crude. It consists predominantly of saturated straight and branched chain hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₀ .]	265-165-5	64742-61-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-245-00-0	Slack wax (petroleum), acid-treated; Slack wax; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a raffinate by treatment of a petroleum slack wax fraction with sulfuric acid treating process. It consists predominantly of saturated straight and branched chain hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₀ .]	292-659-8	90669-77-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-246-00-6	Slack wax (petroleum), clay-treated; Slack wax; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treatment of a petroleum slack wax fraction with natural or modified clay in either a contacting or percolation process. It consists predominantly of saturated straight and branched hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₀ .]	292-660-3	90669-78-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-247-00-1	Slack wax (petroleum), hydrotreated; Slack wax; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating slack wax with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of saturated straight and branched chain hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₀ .]	295-523-6	92062-09-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-248-00-7	Slack wax (petroleum), low-melting; Slack wax; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a petroleum fraction by solvent deparaffination. It consists predominantly of saturated straight and branched chain hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₁₂ .]	295-524-1	92062-10-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-249-00-2	Slack wax (petroleum), low-melting, hydrotreated; Slack wax; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treatment of low-melting petroleum slack wax with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of saturated straight and branched chain hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₁₂ .]	295-525-7	92062-11-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-250-00-8	Slack wax (petroleum), low-melting, carbon-treated; Slack wax; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment of low-melting slack wax with activated carbon for the removal of trace polar constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of saturated straight and branched chain hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₁₂ .]	308-155-9	97863-04-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-251-00-3	Slack wax (petroleum), low-melting, clay-treated; Slack wax; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment of low-melting petroleum slack wax with bentonite for removal of trace polar constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of saturated straight and branched chain hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₁₂ .]	308-156-4	97863-05-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-252-00-9	Slack wax (petroleum), low-melting, silicic acid-treated; Slack wax; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment of low-melting petroleum slack wax with silicic acid for the removal of trace polar constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of saturated straight and branched chain hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₁₂ .]	308-158-5	97863-06-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-253-00-4	Slack wax (petroleum), carbon-treated; Slack wax; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treatment of petroleum slack wax with activated charcoal for the removal of trace polar constituents and impurities.]	309-723-9	100684-49-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-254-00-X	Petrolatum; Petrolatum; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a semi-solid from dewaxing paraffinic residual oil. It consists predominantly of saturated crystalline and liquid hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₅ .]	232-373-2	8009-03-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-255-00-5	Petrolatum (petroleum), oxidized; Petrolatum; [A complex combination of organic compounds, predominantly high molecular weight carboxylic acids, obtained by the air oxidation of petrolatum.]	265-206-7	64743-01-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-256-00-0	Petrolatum (petroleum), alumina-treated; Petrolatum; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained when petrolatum is treated with Al ₂ O ₃ to remove polar components and impurities. It consists predominantly of saturated, crystalline, and liquid hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₅ .]	285-098-5	85029-74-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-257-00-6	Petrolatum (petroleum), hydrotreated; Petrolatum; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a semi-solid from dewaxed paraffinic residual oil treated with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of saturated microcrystalline and liquid hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₀ .]	295-459-9	92045-77-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-258-00-1	Petrolatum (petroleum), carbon-treated; Petrolatum; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment of petroleum petrolatum with activated carbon for the removal of trace polar constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₀ .]	308-149-6	97862-97-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-259-00-7	Petrolatum (petroleum), silicic acid-treated; Petrolatum; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment of petroleum petrolatum with silicic acid for the removal of trace polar constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₀ .]	308-150-1	97862-98-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-260-00-2	Petrolatum (petroleum), clay-treated; Petrolatum; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treatment of petrolatum with bleaching earth for the removal of traces of polar constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of greater than C ₂₅ .]	309-706-6	100684-33-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H N
649-261-00-8	Gasoline, natural; Low boiling point naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons separated from natural gas by processes such as refrigeration or absorption. It consists predominantly of saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₈ and boiling in the range of approximately minus 20 °C to 120 °C (-4°F to 248°F).]	232-349-1	8006-61-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-262-00-3	Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha; [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 100 °C to 200 °C (212°F to 392°F).]	232-443-2	8030-30-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-263-00-9	Ligroine; Low boiling point naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the fractional distillation of petroleum. This fraction boils in a range of approximately 20 °C to 135 °C (58°F to 275°F).]	232-453-7	8032-32-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-264-00-4	Naphtha (petroleum), heavy straight-run; Low boiling point naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 65 °C to 230 °C (149°F to 446°F).]	265-041-0	64741-41-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-265-00-X	Naphtha (petroleum), full-range straight-run; Low boiling point naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately minus 20 °C to 220 °C (-4°F to 428°F).]	265-042-6	64741-42-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-266-00-5	Naphtha (petroleum), light straight-run; Low boiling point naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of crude oil. It consists predominantly of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₀ and boiling in the range of approximately minus 20 °C to 180 °C (-4°F to 356°F).]	265-046-8	64741-46-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-267-00-0	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.; Low boiling point naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₁₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 35 °C to 160 °C (95°F to 320°F).]	265-192-2	64742-89-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-268-00-6	Distillates (petroleum), straight-run light; Low boiling point naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ through C ₇ and boiling in the range of approximately - 88 °C to 99 °C (- 127°F to 210°F).]	270-077-5	68410-05-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-269-00-1	Gasoline, vapor-recovery; Low boiling point naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons separated from the gases from vapor recovery systems by cooling. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately - 20 °C to 196 °C (-4°F to 384°F).]	271-025-4	68514-15-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-270-00-7	Gasoline, straight-run, topping-plant; Low boiling point naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced from the topping plant by the distillation of crude oil. It boils in the range of approximately 36,1 °C to 193,3 °C (97°F to 380°F).]	271-727-0	68606-11-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-271-00-2	Naphtha (petroleum), unsweetened; Low boiling point naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced from the distillation of naphtha streams from various refinery processes. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 0 °C to 230 °C (25°F to 446°F).]	272-186-3	68783-12-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-272-00-8	Distillates (petroleum), light straight-run gasoline fractionation stabilizer overheads; Low boiling point naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₃ through C ₆ .]	272-931-2	68921-08-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-273-00-3	Naphtha (petroleum), heavy straight run, arom.-contg.; Low boiling point naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a distillation process of crude petroleum. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₈ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 130 °C to 210 °C (266°F to 410°F).]	309-945-6	101631-20-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-274-00-9	Naphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of the reaction products of isobutane with monoolefinic hydrocarbons usually ranging in carbon numbers from C ₃ through C ₅ . It consist of predominantly branched chain saturated hydro-carbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 90 °C to 220 °C (194°F to 428°F).]	265-066-7	64741-64-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-275-00-4	Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of the reaction products of isobutane with monoolefinic hydrocarbons usually ranging in carbon numbers from C ₃ to C ₅ . It consists of predominantly branched chain saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 220 °C (302°F to 428°F).]	265-067-2	64741-65-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-276-00-X	Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of the reaction products of isobutane with monoolefinic hydrocarbons usually ranging in carbon numbers from C ₃ through C ₅ . It consists of predominantly branched chain saturated hydro-carbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₁₀ and boiling in the range of aproximately 90 °C to 160 °C (194°F to 320°F).]	265-068-8	64741-66-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-277-00-5	Naphtha (petroleum), isomerization; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from catalytic isomerization of straight chain paraffinic C ₄ through C ₆ hydrocarbons. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons such as isobutane, isopentane, 2,2-dimethyl-butane, 2-methylpentane, and 3-methylpentane.]	265-073-5	64741-70-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-278-00-0	Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined light; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately 35 °C to 190 °C (95°F to 374°F).]	265-086-6	64741-84-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-279-00-6	Naphtha (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 90 °C to 230 °C (194°F to 446°F).]	265-095-5	64741-92-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-280-00-1	Raffinates (petroleum), catalytic reformer ethylene glycol-water countercurrent exts.; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from the UDEX extraction process on the catalytic reformer stream. It consists of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₉ .]	270-088-5	68410-71-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-281-00-7	Raffinates (petroleum), reformer, Lurgi unit-sepd.; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [The complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a raffinate from a Lurgi separation unit. It consists predominantly of non-aromatic hydrocarbons with various small amounts of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₈ .]	270-349-3	68425-35-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-282-00-2	Naphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg.; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of the reaction products of isobutane with monoolefinic hydrocarbons usually ranging in carbon numbers from C ₃ through C ₅ . It consists of predominantly branched chain saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₁₂ with some butanes and boiling in the range of approximately 35 °C to 200 °C (95°F to 428°F).]	271-267-0	68527-27-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-283-00-8	Distillates (petroleum), naphtha steam cracking-derived, solvent-refined light hydrotreated; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinates from a solvent extraction process of hydrotreated light distillate from steam-cracked naphtha.]	295-315-5	91995-53-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-284-00-3	Naphtha (petroleum), C ₄₋₁₂ butane-alkylate, isooctane-rich; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by alkylation of butanes. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₂ , rich in isooctane, and boiling in the range of approximately 35 °C to 210 °C (95°F to 410°F).]	295-430-0	92045-49-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-285-00-9	Hydrocarbons, hydrotreated light naphtha distillates, solvent-refined; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [A combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of hydrotreated naphtha followed by a solvent extraction and distillation process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons boiling in the range of approximately 94 °C to 99 °C (201°F to 210°F).]	295-436-3	92045-55-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-286-00-4	Naphtha (petroleum), isomerization, C ₆ -fraction; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation of a gasoline which has been catalytically isomerized. It consists predominantly of hexane isomers boiling in the range of approximately 60 °C to 66 °C (140°F to 151°F).]	295-440-5	92045-58-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-287-00-X	Hydrocarbons, C ₆₋₇ , naphtha-cracking, solvent-refined; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the sorption of benzene from a catalytically fully hydrogenated benzene-rich hydrocarbon cut that was distillatively obtained from prehydrogenated cracked naphtha. It consists predominantly of paraffinic and naphthenic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₇ and boiling in the range of approximately 70 °C to 100 °C (158°F to 212°F).]	295-446-8	92045-64-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-288-00-5	Hydrocarbons, C ₆ -rich, hydrotreated light naphtha distillates, solvent-refined; Low boiling point modified naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation of hydrotreated naphtha followed by solvent extraction. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons and boiling in the range of approximately 65 °C to 70 °C (149°F to 158°F).]	309-871-4	101316-67-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-289-00-0	Naphtha (petroleum), heavy catalytic cracked; Low boiling point cat-cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by a distillation of products from a catalytic cracking process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 65 °C to 230 °C (148°F to 446°F). It contains a relatively large proportion of unsaturated hydrocarbons.]	265-055-7	64741-54-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-290-00-6	Naphtha (petroleum), light catalytic cracked; Low boiling point cat-cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a catalytic cracking process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately minus 20 °C to 190 °C (-4°F to 374°F). It contains a relatively large proportion of unsaturated hydrocarbons.]	265-056-2	64741-55-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-291-00-1	Hydrocarbons, C ₃₋₁₁ , catalytic cracker distillates; Low boiling point cat-cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillations of products from a catalytic cracking process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₃ through C ₁₁ and boiling in a range approximately up to 204 °C (400°F).]	270-686-6	68476-46-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-292-00-7	Naphtha (petroleum), catalytic cracked light distd.; Low boiling point cat-cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a catalytic cracking process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁ through C ₅ .]	272-185-8	68783-09-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-293-00-2	Distillates (petroleum), naphtha steam cracking-derived, hydrotreated light arom.; Low boiling point cat-cracked naphtha.; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a light distillate from steam-cracked naphtha. It consists predom-inantly of aromatic hydrocarbons.]	295-311-3	91995-50-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-294-00-8	Naphtha (petroleum), heavy catalytic cracked, sweetened; Low boiling point cat-cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by subjecting a catalytic cracked petroleum distillate to a sweetening process to convert mercaptans or to remove acidic impurities. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 60 °C to 200 °C (140°F to 392°F).]	295-431-6	92045-50-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-295-00-3	Naphtha (petroleum), light catalytic cracked sweetened; Low boiling point cat-cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by subjecting naphtha from a catalytic cracking process to a sweetening process to convert mercaptans or to remove acidic impurities. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons boiling in a range of approximately 35 °C to 210 °C (95°F to 410°F).]	295-441-0	92045-59-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-296-00-9	Hydrocarbons, C ₈₋₁₂ , catalytic-cracking, chem. neutralized; Low boiling point cat-cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of a cut from the catalytic cracking process, having undergone an alkaline washing. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₈ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 130 °C to 210 °C (266°F to 410°F).]	295-794-0	92128-94-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-297-00-4	Hydrocarbons, C ₈₋₁₂ , catalytic cracker distillates; Low boiling point cat-cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation of products from a catalytic cracking process. It consists pre-dominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₈ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 140 °C to 210 °C (284°F to 410°F).]	309-974-4	101794-97-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-298-00-X	Hydrocarbons, C ₈₋₁₂ , catalytic cracking, chem. neutralized, sweetened; Low boiling point cat-cracked naphtha	309-987-5	101896-28-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-299-00-5	Naphtha (petroleum), light catalytic reformed; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced from the distillation of products from a catalytic reforming process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately 35 °C to 190 °C (95°F to 374°F). It contains a relatively large proportion of aromatic and branched chain hydrocarbons. This stream may contain 10 vol. % or more benzene.]]	265-065-1	64741-63-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-300-00-9	Naphtha (petroleum), heavy catalytic reformed; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced from the distillation of products from a catalytic reforming process. It consists of predominantly aromatic hydrocarbons having numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 90 °C to 230 °C (194°F to 446°F).]	265-070-9	64741-68-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-301-00-4	Distillates (petroleum), catalytic reformed depentanizer; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of products from a catalytic reforming process. It consists predominantly of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₃ through C ₆ and boiling in the range of approximately - 49 °C to 63 °C - 57°F to 145°F).]	270-660-4	68475-79-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-302-00-X	Hydrocarbons, C ₂₋₆ , C ₆₋₈ catalytic reformer; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha	270-687-1	68476-47-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-303-00-5	Residues (petroleum), C ₆₋₈ catalytic reformer; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha; [A complex residuum from the catalytic reforming of C ₆₋₈ feed. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ through C ₆ .]	270-794-3	68478-15-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-304-00-0	Naphtha (petroleum), light catalytic reformed, arom.-free; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of products from a catalytic reforming process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₈ and boiling in the range of approximately 35 °C to 120 °C (95°F to 248°F). It contains a relatively large proportion of branched chain hydrocarbons with the aromatic components removed.]	270-993-5	68513-03-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-305-00-6	Distillates (petroleum), catalytic reformed straight-run naphtha overheads; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the catalytic reforming of straight-run naphtha followed by the fractionation of the total effluent. It consists of saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ through C ₆ .]	271-008-1	68513-63-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-306-00-1	Petroleum products, hydrofiner-powerformer reformates; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha; [The complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained in a hydrofiner-powerformer process and boiling in a range of approximately 27 °C to 210 °C (80°F to 410°F).]	271-058-4	68514-79-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-307-00-7	Naphtha (petroleum, full-range reformed; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of the products from a catalytic reforming process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 35 °C to 230 °C (95°F to 446°F).]	272-895-8	68919-37-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-308-00-2	Naphtha (petroleum), catalytic reformed; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a catalytic reforming process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 30 °C to 220 °C (90°F to 430°F). It contains a relatively large proportion of aromatic and branched chain hydrocarbons. This stream may contain 10 vol.% or more benzene.]	273-271-8	68955-35-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-309-00-8	Distillates (petroleum), catalytic reformed hydrotreated light, C ₈₋₁₂ arom. fraction; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha; [A complex combination of alkylbenzenes obtained by the catalytic reforming of petroleum naphtha. It consists predominantly of alkylbenzenes having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₈ through C ₁₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 160 °C to 180 °C (320°F to 356°F).]	285-509-8	85116-58-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-310-00-3	Aromatic hydrocarbons, C ₈ , catalytic reforming-derived; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha	295-279-0	91995-18-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-311-00-9	Aromatic hydrocarbons, C ₇₋₁₂ , C ₈ -rich; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by separation from the platformate-containing fraction. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₁₂ (primarily C ₈) and can contain nonaromatic hydrocarbons, both boiling in the range of approximately 130 °C to 200 °C (266°F to 392°F).]	297-401-8	93571-75-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-312-00-4	Gasoline, C ₅₋₁₁ , high-octane stabilized reformed; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha; [A complex high octane combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the catalytic dehydrogenation of a predominantly naphthenic naphtha. It consists predominantly of aromatics and non-aromatics having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately 45 °C to 185 °C (113°F to 365°F).]	297-458-9	93572-29-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-313-00-X	Hydrocarbons, C ₇₋₁₂ , C _{>9} -arom.-rich, reforming heavy fraction; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by separation from the platformate-containing fraction. It consists predominantly of nonaromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 120 °C to 210 °C (248°F to 380°F) and C ₉ and higher aromatic hydrocarbons.]	297-465-7	93572-35-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-314-00-5	Hydrocarbons, C ₅₋₁₁ , nonaroms.-rich, reforming light fraction; Low boiling point cat-reformed naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by separation from the platformate-containing fraction. It consists predominantly of nonaromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ to C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately 35 °C to 125 °C (94°F to 257°F), benzene and toluene.]	297-466-2	93572-36-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-315-00-0	Foots oil (petroleum), silicic acid-treated; Foots oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment of Foots oil with silicic acid for removal of trace constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of straight chain hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₁₂ .]	308-127-6	97862-77-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-316-00-6	Naphtha (petroleum), light thermal cracked; Low boiling point thermally cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from distillation of products from a thermal cracking process. It consists predominantly of unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₈ and boiling in the range of approximately minus 10 °C to 130 °C (14°F to 266°F).]	265-075-6	64741-74-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-317-00-1	Naphtha (petroleum), heavy thermal cracked; Low boiling point thermally cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from distillation of the products from a thermal cracking process. It consists predominantly of unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 65 °C to 220 °C (148°F to 428°F).]	265-085-0	64741-83-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-318-00-7	Distillates (petroleum), heavy arom.; Low boiling point thermally cracked naphtha; [The complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of the products from the thermal cracking of ethane and propane. This higher boiling fraction consists predominantly of C ₅ -C ₇ aromatic hydrocarbons with some unsaturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon number predominantly of C ₅ . This stream may contain benzene.]	267-563-4	67891-79-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-319-00-2	Distillates (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point thermally cracked naphtha; [The complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of the products from the thermal cracking of ethane and propane. This lower boiling fraction consists predominantly of C ₅ -C ₇ aromatic hydrocarbons with some unsaturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having a carbon number predominantly of C ₅ . This stream may contain benzene.]	267-565-5	67891-80-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-320-00-8	Distillates (petroleum), naphtha-raffinate pyrolyzate-derived, gasoline-blending; Low boiling point thermally cracked naphtha; [The complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the pyrolysis fractionation at 816 °C (1500°F) of naphtha and raffinate. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having a carbon number of C ₉ and boiling at approximately 204 °C (400°F).]	270-344-6	68425-29-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-321-00-3	Aromatic hydrocarbons, C ₆₋₈ , naphtha-raffinate pyrolyzate-derived; Low boiling point thermally cracked naphtha; A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the fractionation pyrolysis at 816 °C (1500°F) of naphtha and raffinate. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₈ , including benzene.]	270-658-3	68475-70-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-322-00-9	Distillates (petroleum), thermal cracked naphtha and gas oil; Low boiling point thermally cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of thermally cracked naphtha and/or gas oil. It consists predominantly of olefinic hydrocarbons having a carbon number of C ₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 33 °C to 60 °C (91°F to 140°F).]	271-631-9	68603-00-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-323-00-4	Distillates (petroleum), thermal cracked naphtha and gas oil, C ₅ -dimer-contg.; Low boiling point thermally cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the extractive distillation of thermal cracked naphtha and/or gas oil. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having a carbon number of C ₅ with some dimerized C ₅ olefins and boiling in the range of approximately 33 °C to 184 °C (91°F to 363°F).]	271-632-4	68603-01-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-324-00-X	Distillates (petroleum), thermal cracked naphtha and gas oil, extractive; Low boiling point thermally cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the extractive distillation of thermal cracked naphtha and/or gas oil. It consists of paraffinic and olefinic hydrocarbons, predominantly isoamylenes such as 2-methyl-1-butene and 2-methyl-2-butene and boiling in the range of approximately 31 °C to 40 °C (88°F to 104°F).]	271-634-5	68603-03-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-325-00-5	Distillates (petroleum), light thermal cracked, debutanized arom.; Low boiling point thermally cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a thermal cracking process. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons, primarily benzene.]	273-266-0	68955-29-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-326-00-0	Naphtha (petroleum), light thermal cracked, sweetened; Low boiling point thermally cracked naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by subjecting a petroleum distillate from the high temperature thermal cracking of heavy oil fractions to a sweetening process to convert mercaptans. It consists predominantly of aromatics, olefins and saturated hydrocarbons boiling in the range of approximately 20 °C to 100 °C (68°F to 212°F).]	295-447-3	92045-65-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-327-00-6	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₁₃ and boiling in the range of approximately 65 °C to 230 °C (149°F to 446°F).]	265-150-3	64742-48-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-328-00-1	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately minus 20 °C to 190 °C (-4°F to 374°F).]	265-151-9	64742-49-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-329-00-7	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately minus 20 °C to 190 °C (-4°F to 374°F).]	265-178-6	64742-73-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-330-00-2	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 90 °C to 230 °C (194°F to 446°F).]	265-185-4	64742-82-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-331-00-8	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle, intermediate boiling; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the distillation of products from a middle distillate hydrotreating process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₁₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 127 °C to 188 °C (262°F to 370°F).]	270-092-7	68410-96-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-332-00-3	Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the distillation of products from the light distillate hydrotreating process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₉ and boiling in the range of approximately 3 °C to 194 °C (37°F to 382°F).]	270-093-2	68410-97-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-333-00-9	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphtha, deisohexanizer overheads; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation of the products from a heavy naphtha hydrotreating process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₃ through C ₆ and boiling in the range of approximately - 49 °C to 68 °C (-57°F to 155°F).]	270-094-8	68410-98-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-334-00-4	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., hydrotreated; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₈ through C ₁₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 135 °C to 210 °C (275°F to 410°F).]	270-988-8	68512-78-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-335-00-X	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized thermal cracked light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by fractionation of hydrodesulfurized thermal cracker distillate. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ to C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately 23 °C to 195 °C (73°F to 383°F).]	285-511-9	85116-60-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-336-00-5	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light, cycloalkane-contg.; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of a petroleum fraction. It consists predominantly of alkanes and cycloalkanes boiling in the range of approximately minus 20 °C to 190 °C (-4°F to 374°F).]	285-512-4	85116-61-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-337-00-0	Naphtha (petroleum), heavy steam-cracked, hydrogenated; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha	295-432-1	92045-51-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-338-00-6	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized full-range; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately 30 °C to 250 °C (86°F to 482°F).]	295-433-7	92045-52-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-339-00-1	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light steam-cracked; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction, derived from a pyrolysis process, with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately 35 °C to 190 °C (95°F to 374°F).]	295-438-4	92045-57-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-340-00-7	Hydrocarbons, C ₄₋₁₂ , naphtha-cracking, hydrotreated; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation from the product of a naphtha steam cracking process and subsequent catalytic selective hydrogenation of gum formers. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 30 °C to 230 °C (86°F to 446°F).]	295-443-1	92045-61-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-341-00-2	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of cycloparaffinic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₇ and boiling in the range of approximately 73 °C to 85 °C (163°F to 185°F).]	295-529-9	92062-15-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-342-00-8	Naphtha (petroleum), light steam-cracked, hydrogenated; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced from the separation and subsequent hydrogenation of the products of a steam-cracking process to produce ethylene. It consists predominantly of saturated and unsaturated paraffins, cyclic paraffins and cyclic aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 50 °C to 200 °C (122°F to 392°F). The proportion of benzene hydrocarbons may vary up to 30 wt. % and the stream may also contain small amounts of sulphur and oxygenated compounds.]	296-942-7	93165-55-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-343-00-3	Hydrocarbons, C ₆₋₁₁ , hydrotreated, dearomatized; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as solvents which have been subjected to hydrotreatment in order to convert aromatics to naphthenes by catalytic hydrogenation.]	297-852-0	93763-33-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-344-00-9	Hydrocarbons, C ₉₋₁₂ , hydrotreated, dearomatized; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as solvents which have been subjected to hydrotreatment in order to convert aromatics to naphthenes by catalytic hydrogenation.]	297-853-6	93763-34-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-345-00-4	Stoddard solvent; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A colourless, refined petroleum distillate that is free from rancid or objectionable odors and that boils in a range of approximately 300°F to 400°F.]	232-489-3	8052-41-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-346-00-X	Natural gas condensates (petroleum); Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons separated as a liquid from natural gas in a surface separator by retrograde condensation. It consists mainly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ to C ₂₀ . It is a liquid at atmospheric temperature and pressure.]	265-047-3	64741-47-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R4 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-347-00-5	Natural gas (petroleum), raw liq. mix; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons separated as a liquid from natural gas in a gas recycling plant by processes such as refrigeration or absorption. It consists mainly of saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₂ through C ₈ .]	265-048-9	64741-48-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-348-00-0	Naphtha (petroleum), light hydrocracked; Low boiling naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from distillation of the products from a hydrocracking process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₀ , and boiling in the range of approximately minus 20 °C to 180 °C (-4°F to 356°F).]	265-071-4	64741-69-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-349-00-6	Naphtha (petroleum), heavy hydrocracked; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from distillation of the products from a hydrocracking process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₁₂ , and boiling in the range of approximately 65 °C to 230 °C (148°F to 446°F).]	265-079-8	64741-78-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-350-00-1	Naphtha (petroleum), sweetened; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by subjecting a petroleum naphtha to a sweetening process to convert mercaptans or to remove acidic impurities. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately minus 10 °C to 230 °C (14°F to 446°F).]	265-089-2	64741-87-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-351-00-7	Naphtha (petroleum), acid-treated; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a raffinate from a sulfuric acid treating process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 90 °C to 230 °C (194°F to 446°F).]	265-115-2	64742-15-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-352-00-2	Naphtha (petroleum), chemically neutralized heavy; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by a treating process to remove acidic materials. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 65 °C to 230 °C (149°F to 446°F).]	265-122-0	64742-22-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-353-00-8	Naphtha (petroleum), chemically neutralized light; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by a treating process to remove acidic materials. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately minus 20 °C to 190 °C (-4°F to 374°F).]	265-123-6	64742-23-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-354-00-3	Naphtha (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the catalytic dewaxing of a petroleum fraction. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 35 °C to 230 °C (95°F to 446°F).]	265-170-2	64742-66-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-355-00-9	Naphtha (petroleum), light steam-cracked; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the distillation of the products from a steam cracking process. It consists predominantly of unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately minus 20 °C to 190 °C (-4°F to 374°F). This stream is likely to contain 10 vol. % or more benzene.]	265-187-5	64742-83-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-356-00-4	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₈ through C ₁₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 135 °C to 210 °C (275°F to 410°F).]	265-199-0	64742-95-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-357-00-X	Aromatic hydrocarbons, C ₆₋₁₀ , acid-treated, neutralized; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified	268-618-5	68131-49-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-358-00-5	Distillates (petroleum), C ₃₋₅ , 2-methyl-2-butene-rich; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of hydrocarbons usually ranging in carbon numbers from C ₃ through C ₅ , predominantly isopentane and 3-methyl-1-butene. It consists of saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₃ through C ₅ , predominantly 2-methyl-2-butene.]	270-725-7	68477-34-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-359-00-0	Distillates (petroleum), polymd. steam-cracked petroleum distillates, C ₅₋₁₂ fraction; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of polymerized steam-cracked petroleum distillate. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₁₂ .]	270-735-1	68477-50-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-360-00-6	Distillates (petroleum), steam-cracked, C ₅₋₁₂ fraction; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of organic compounds obtained by the distillation of products from a steam cracking process. It consists of unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₁₂ .]	270-736-7	68477-53-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-361-00-1	Distillates (petroleum), steam-cracked, C ₅₋₁₀ fraction, mixed with light steam-cracked petroleum naphtha C ₅ fraction; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified	270-738-8	68477-55-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-362-00-7	Extracts (petroleum), cold-acid, C ₄₋₆ ; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of organic compounds produced by cold acid unit extraction of saturated and unsaturated aliphatic hydrocarbons usually ranging in carbon numbers from C ₃ through C ₆ , predominantly pentanes and amylenes. It consists predominantly of saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₄ through C ₆ , predominantly C ₅ .]	270-741-4	68477-61-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-363-00-2	Distillates (petroleum), depentanizer overheads; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic cracked gas stream. It consists of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₆ .]	270-771-8	68477-89-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-364-00-8	Residues (petroleum), butane splitter bottoms; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex residuum from the distillation of butane stream. It consists of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₆ .]	270-791-7	68478-12-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-365-00-3	Residual oils (petroleum), deisobutanizer tower; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex residuum from the atmospheric distillation of the butane-butylene stream. It consists of aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₆ .]	270-795-9	68478-16-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-366-00-9	Naphtha (petroleum), full-range coker; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a fluid coker. It consists predominantly of unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 43 °C to 250 °C (110°F to 500°F).]	270-991-4	68513-02-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-367-00-4	Naphtha (petroleum), steam-cracked middle arom.; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a steam-cracking process. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 130 °C to 220 °C (266°F to 428°F).]	271-138-9	68516-20-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-368-00-X	Naphtha (petroleum), clay-treated full-range straight-run; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons resulting from treatment of full-range straight-run naphtha with natural or modified clay, usually in a percolation process to remove the trace amounts of polar compounds and impurities present. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately - 20 °C to 220 °C (-4°F to 429°F).]	271-262-3	68527-21-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-369-00-5	Naphtha (petroleum), clay-treated light straight-run; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons resulting from treatment of light straight-run naphtha with a natural or modified clay, usually in a percolation process to remove the trace amounts of polar compounds and impurities, present. It consists of hydro-carbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₁₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 93 °C to 180 °C (200°F to 356°F).]	271-263-9	68527-22-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-370-00-0	Naphtha (petroleum), light steam-cracked arom.; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of products from a steam-cracking process. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₉ and boiling in the range of approximately 110 °C to 165 °C (230°F to 329°F).]	271-264-4	68527-23-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-371-00-6	Naphtha (petroleum), light steam-cracked, debenzenized; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of products from a steam-cracking process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 80 °C to 218 °C (176°F to 424°F).]	271-266-5	68527-26-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-372-00-1	Naphtha (petroleum), arom.-contg.; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified	271-635-0	68603-08-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-373-00-7	Gasoline, pyrolysis, debutanizer bottoms; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the fractionation of depropanizer bottoms. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₅ .]	271-726-5	68606-10-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-374-00-2	Naphtha (petroleum), light, sweetened; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by subjecting a petroleum distillate to a sweetening process to convert mercaptans or to remove acidic impurities. It consists predominantly of saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₃ through C ₆ and boiling in the range of approximately - 20 °C to 100 °C (-4°F to 212°F).]	272-206-0	68783-66-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-375-00-8	Natural gas condensates; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons separated and/or condensed from natural gas during transportation and collected at the wellhead and/or from the production, gathering, transmission, and distribution pipelines in deeps, scrubbers, etc. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ through C ₈ .]	272-896-3	68919-39-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H J
649-376-00-3	Distillates (petroleum), naphtha unifiner stripper; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by stripping the products from the naphtha unifiner. It consists of saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂ through C ₆ .]	272-932-8	68921-09-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-377-00-9	Naphtha (petroleum), catalytic reformed light, arom.-free fraction; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons remaining after removal of aromatic compounds from catalytic reformed light naphtha in a selective absorption process. It consists predominantly of paraffinic and cyclic compounds having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ to C ₈ and boiling in the range of approximately 66 °C to 121 °C (151°F to 250°F).]	285-510-3	85116-59-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-378-00-4	Gasoline; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons consisting primarily of paraffins, cycloparaffins, aromatic and olefinic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₃ and boiling in the range of 30 °C to 260 °C (86°F to 500°F).]	289-220-8	86290-81-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-379-00-X	Aromatic hydrocarbons, C ₇₋₈ , dealkylation products, distn. residues; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified	292-698-0	90989-42-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-380-00-5	Hydrocarbons, C ₄₋₆ , depentanizer lights, arom. hydrotreater; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as first runnings from the depentanizer column before hydrotreatment of the aromatic charges. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₆ , predominantly pentanes and pentenes, and boiling in the range of approximately 25 °C to 40 °C (77°F to 104°F).]	295-298-4	91995-38-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-381-00-0	Distillates (petroleum), heat-soaked steam-cracked naphtha, C ₅ -rich; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation of heat-soaked steam-cracked naphtha. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₄ through C ₆ , predominantly C ₅ .]	295-302-4	91995-41-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-382-00-6	Extracts (petroleum), catalytic reformed light naphtha solvent; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the extract from the solvent extraction of a catalytically reformed petroleum cut. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₈ and boiling in the range of approximately 100 °C to 200 °C (212°F to 392°F).]	295-331-2	91995-68-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-383-00-1	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized light, dearomatized; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation of hydrodesulfurized and dearomatized light petroleum fractions. It consists predominantly of C ₇ paraffins and cycloparaffins boiling in a range of approximately 90 °C to 100 °C (194°F to 212°F).]	295-434-2	92045-53-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-384-00-7	Naphtha (petroleum), light, C ₅ -rich, sweetened; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by subjecting a petroleum naphtha to a sweetening process to convert mercaptans or to remove acidic impurities. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₅ , predominantly C ₅ , and boiling in the range of approximately minus 10 °C to 35 °C (14°F to 95°F).]	295-442-6	92045-60-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-385-00-2	Hydrocarbons, C ₈₋₁₁ , naphtha-cracking, toluene cut; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation from prehydrogenated cracked naphtha. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₈ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately 130 °C to 205 °C (266°F to 401°F).]	295-444-7	92045-62-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-386-00-8	Hydrocarbons, C ₄₋₁₁ , naphtha-cracking, arom.-free; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from prehydrogenated cracked naphtha after distillative separation of benzene- and toluene-containing hydrocarbon cuts and a higher boiling fraction. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range C ₄ through C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately 30 °C to 205 °C (86°F to 401°F).]	295-445-2	92045-63-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-387-00-3	Naphtha (petroleum), light heat-soaked, steam-cracked; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the fractionation of steam cracked naphtha after recovery from a heat soaking process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having a carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₄ through C ₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 0 °C to 80 °C (32°F to 176°F).]	296-028-8	92201-97-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-388-00-9	Distillates (petroleum), C ₆ -rich; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of a petroleum feedstock. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers of C ₅ through C ₇ , rich in C ₆ , and boiling in the range of approximately 60 °C to 70 °C (140°F to 158°F).]	296-903-4	93165-19-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-389-00-4	Gasoline, pyrolysis, hydrogenated; Low boiling point naphtha-unspecified; [A distillation fraction from the hydrogenation of pyrolysis gasoline boiling in the range of approximately 20 °C to 200 °C (68°F to 392°F).]	302-639-3	94114-03-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-390-00-X	Distillates (petroleum), steam-cracked, C ₈₋₁₂ fraction, polymd., distn. lights; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation of the polymerized C ₈ through C ₁₂ fraction from steam-cracked petroleum distillates. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₈ through C ₁₂ .]	305-750-5	95009-23-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-391-00-5	Extracts (petroleum) heavy naphtha solvent, clay-treated; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment of heavy naphthic solvent petroleum extract with bleaching earth. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₁₈ and boiling in the range of approximately 80 °C to 180 °C (175°F to 356°F).]	308-261-5	97926-43-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-392-00-0	Naphtha (petroleum), light steam-cracked, debenzenized, thermally treated; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment and distillation of debenzenized light steam-cracked petroleum naphtha. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 95 °C to 200 °C (203°F to 392°F).]	308-713-1	98219-46-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-393-00-6	Naphtha (petroleum), light steam-cracked, thermally treated; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment and distillation of light steam-cracked petroleum naphtha. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 35 °C to 80 °C (95°F to 176°F).]	308-714-7	98219-47-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-394-00-1	Distillates (petroleum), C ₇₋₉ , C ₈ -rich, hydrodesulfurized dea- romatized; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the distillation of petroleum light fraction, hydrodesulfurized and dearomatized. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₇ through C ₉ , predominantly C ₈ paraffins and cycloparaffins, boiling in the range of approximately 120 °C to 130 °C (248°F to 266°F).]	309-862-5	101316-56-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-395-00-7	Hydrocarbons, C ₆₋₈ , hydrogenated sorption-dearomatized, toluene raffination; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained during the sorptions of toluene from a hydrocarbon fraction from cracked gasoline treated with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₈ and boiling in the range of approximately 80 °C to 135 °C (176°F to 275°F).]	309-870-9	101316-66-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-396-00-2	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized full-range coker; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by fractionation from hydrodesulfurized coker distillate. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ to C ₁₁ and boiling in the range of approximately 23 °C to 196 °C (73°F to 385°F).]	309-879-8	101316-76-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-397-00-8	Naphtha (petroleum), sweetened light; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by subjecting a petroleum naphtha to a sweetening process to convert mercaptans or to remove acidic impurities. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₅ through C ₈ and boiling in the range of approximately 20 °C to 130 °C (68°F to 266°F).]	309-976-5	101795-01-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-398-00-3	Hydrocarbons, C ₃₋₆ , C ₅ -rich, steam-cracked naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation of steam-cracked naphtha. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₃ through C ₆ , predominantly C ₅ .]	310-012-0	102110-14-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-399-00-9	Hydrocarbons, C ₅ -rich, dicyclopentadiene-contg.; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation of the products from a stream-cracking process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers of C ₅ and dicyclopentadiene and boiling in the range of approximately 30 °C to 170 °C (86°F to 338°F).]	310-013-6	102110-15-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-400-00-2	Residues (petroleum), steam-cracked light, arom.; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the distillation of the products of steam cracking or similar processes after taking off the very light products resulting in a residue starting with hydrocarbons having carbon numbers greater than C ₅ . It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers greater than C ₅ and boiling above approximately 40 °C (104°F).]	310-057-6	102110-55-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-401-00-8	Hydrocarbons, C ≥ 5, C ₅₋₆ -rich; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified	270-690-8	68476-50-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-402-00-3	Hydrocarbons, C ₅ -rich; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified	270-695-5	68476-55-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-403-00-9	Aromatic hydrocarbons, C ₈₋₁₀ ; Low boiling point naphtha — unspecified	292-695-4	90989-39-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45 Xn; R65	T R: 45-65 S: 53-45		H P
649-404-00-4	Kerosine (petroleum); Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₁₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 290 °C (320°F to 554°F).]	232-366-4	8008-20-6	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-405-00-X	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 140 °C to 220 °C (284°F to 428°F).]	265-191-7	64742-88-7	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-406-00-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum) heavy aliph.; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of crude oil or natural gasoline. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₁ through C ₁₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 190 °C to 290 °C (374°F to 554°F).]	265-200-4	64742-96-7	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-407-00-0	Kerosine (petroleum), straight-run wide-cut; Straight run kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a wide cut hydrocarbon fuel cut from atmospheric distillation and boiling in the range of approximately 70 °C to 220 °C (158°F to 428°F).]	295-418-5	92045-37-9	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-408-00-6	Distillates (petroleum), steam-cracked; Cracked kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the distillation of the products from a steam cracking process. It consists predominantly of unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₁₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 90 °C to 290 °C (190°F to 554°F).]	265-194-3	64742-91-2	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-409-00-1	Distillates (petroleum), cracked stripped steam-cracked petroleum distillates, C ₈₋₁₀ fraction; Cracked kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distilling cracked stripped steam-cracked distillates. It consists of hydro-carbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₈ through C ₁₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 129 °C to 194 °C (264°F to 382°F).]	270-728-3	68477-39-4	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-410-00-7	Distillates (petroleum), cracked stripped steam-cracked petroleum distillates, C ₁₀₋₁₂ fraction; Cracked kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distilling cracked stripped steam-cracked distillates. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₁₀ through C ₁₂ .]	270-729-9	68477-40-7	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-411-00-2	Distillates (petroleum), steam-cracked, C ₈₋₁₂ fraction; Cracked kerosine; [A complex combination of organic compounds obtained by the distillation of products from a steam cracking process. It consists predominantly of unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₈ through C ₁₂ .]	270-737-2	68477-54-3	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-412-00-8	Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized thermal cracked; Cracked kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by fractionation from hydrodesulfurized thermal cracker distillate. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons predominantly in the range of C ₈ to C ₁₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 120 °C to 283 °C (284°F to 541°F).]	285-507-7	85116-55-8	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-413-00-3	Aromatic hydrocarbons, C _{≥10} , steam-cracking, hydrotreated; Cracked kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of the products from a steam cracking process treated with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₁₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 320 °C (302°F to 608°F).]	292-621-0	90640-98-5	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-414-00-9	Naphtha (petroleum), steam-cracked, hydrotreated, C ₉₋₁₀ -arom.-rich; Cracked kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of the products from a steam cracking process thereafter treated with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₉ through C ₁₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 140 °C to 200 °C (284°F to 392°F).]	292-637-8	90641-13-7	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-415-00-4	Distillates (petroleum), thermal-cracked, alkylarom. hydrocarbon-rich; Cracked kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation of thermal-cracking heavy tars. It consists predominantly of highly alkylated aromatic hydrocarbons boiling in the range of approximately 100 °C to 250 °C (212°F to 482°F).]	309-866-7	101316-61-4	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-416-00-X	Distillates (petroleum), catalytic cracked heavy tar light; Cracked kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation of catalytic cracking heavy tars. It consists predominantly of highly alkylated aromatic hydrocarbons boiling in the range of approximately 100 °C to 250 °C (212°F to 482°F).]	309-938-8	101631-13-4	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-417-00-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), hydrocracked heavy arom.; Cracked kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the distillation of hydrocracked petroleum distillate. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₁₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 235 °C to 290 °C (455°F to 554°F).]	309-881-9	101316-80-7	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-418-00-0	Distillates (petroleum), steam-cracked heavy tar light; Cracked kerosine; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation of steam cracking heavy tars. It consists predominantly of highly alkylated aromatic hydrocarbons boiling in the range of approximately 100 °C to 250 °C (212°F to 482°F).]	309-940-9	101631-15-6	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-419-00-6	Distillates (petroleum), alkylate; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of the reaction products of isobutane with monoolefinic hydrocarbons usually ranging in carbon numbers from C ₃ through C ₅ . It consists of predominantly branched chain saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₁ through C ₁₇ and boiling in the range of approximately 205 °C to 320 °C (401°F to 608°F).]	265-074-0	64741-73-7	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-420-00-1	Extracts (petroleum), heavy naphtha solvent; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the extract from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ through C ₁₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 90 °C to 220 °C (194°F to 428°F).]	265-099-7	64741-98-6	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-421-00-7	Distillates (petroleum), chemically neutralized light; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by a treating process to remove acidic materials. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₁₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 290 °C (302°F to 554°F).]	265-132-5	64742-31-0	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-422-00-2	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₁₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 290 °C (302°F to 554°F).]	265-149-8	64742-47-8	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-423-00-8	Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a petroleum stock by treating with hydrogen to convert organic sulfur to hydrogen sulfide which is removed. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₁₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 290 °C (302°F to 554°F).]	265-184-9	64742-81-0	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-424-00-3	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₁₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 165 °C to 290 °C (330°F to 554°F).]	265-198-5	64742-94-5	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-425-00-9	Naphtha (petroleum), heavy coker; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of products from a fluid coker. It consists predominantly of unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₆ through C ₁₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 157 °C to 288 °C (315°F to 550°F).]	269-778-9	68333-23-3	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-426-00-4	Naphtha (petroleum), catalytic reformed hydrodesulfurized heavy, arom. fraction; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by fractionation from catalytically reformed hydrodesulfurized naphtha. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₇ to C ₁₃ and boiling in the range of approximately 98 °C to 218 °C (208°F to 424°F).]	285-508-2	85116-57-0	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-427-00-X	Kerosine (petroleum), sweetened; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by subjecting a petroleum distillate to a sweetening process to convert mercaptans or to remove acidic impurities. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₁₆ and boiling in the range of 130 °C to 290 °C (266°F to 554°F).]	294-799-5	91770-15-9	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-428-00-5	Kerosine (petroleum), solvent-refined sweetened; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a petroleum stock by solvent refining and sweetening and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 260 °C (302°F to 500°F).]	295-416-4	92045-36-8	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-429-00-0	Hydrocarbons, C ₉₋₁₆ , hydrotreated, dearomatized; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as solvents which have been subjected to hydrotreatment in order to convert aromatics to naphthenes by catalytic hydrogenation.]	297-854-1	93763-35-0	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-430-00-6	Kerosine (petroleum), solvent-refined hydrodesulfurized; Kerosine — unspecified	307-033-2	97488-94-3	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-431-00-1	Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized full-range middle coker; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by fractionation from hydrodesulfurized coker distillate. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₈ through C ₁₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 120 °C to 283 °C (248°F to 541°F).]	309-864-6	101316-58-9	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-432-00-7	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the catalytic hydrodesulfurization of a petroleum fraction. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₀ through C ₁₃ and boiling in the range of approximately 180 °C to 240 °C (356°F to 464°F).]	309-882-4	101316-81-8	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-433-00-2	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized medium; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the catalytic hydrodesulfurization of a petroleum fraction. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₀ through C ₁₃ and boiling in the range of approximately 175 °C to 220 °C (347°F to 428°F).]	309-884-5	101316-82-9	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-434-00-8	Kerosine (petroleum), hydrotreated; Kerosine — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from the distillation of petroleum and subsequent hydrotreatment. It consists predominantly of alkanes, cycloalkanes and alkyl-benzenes having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₂ through C ₁₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 230 °C to 270 °C (446°F to 518°F).]	309-944-0	101631-19-0	Xn; R65	Xn R: 65 S: (2-)23-24-62		H
649-435-00-3	Distillates (petroleum), light catalytic cracked; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a catalytic cracking process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₂₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 400 °C (302°F to 752°F). It contains a relatively large proportion of bicyclic aromatic hydrocarbons.]	265-060-4	64741-59-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-436-00-9	Distillates (petroleum), intermediate catalytic cracked; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a catalytic cracking process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₁ through C ₃₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 205 °C to 450 °C (401°F to 842°F). It contains a relatively large proportion of tricyclic aromatic hydrocarbons.]	265-062-5	64741-60-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-437-00-4	Distillates (petroleum), light hydrocracked; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from distillation of the products from a hydrocracking process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₀ through C ₁₈ and boiling in the range of approximately 160 °C to 320 °C (320°F to 608°F).]	265-078-2	64741-77-1	Carc. Cat. 3; R40	Xn R: 40 S: (2-)36/37		H
649-438-00-X	Distillates (petroleum), light thermal cracked; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of the products from a thermal cracking process. It consists predominantly of unsaturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₀ through C ₂₂ and boiling in the range of approximately 160 °C to 370 °C (320°F to 698°F).]	265-084-5	64741-82-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-439-00-5	Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized light catalytic cracked; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light catalytic cracked distillates with hydrogen to convert organic sulfur to hydrogen sulfide which is removed. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₉ through C ₂₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 400 °C (302°F to 752°F). It contains a relatively large proportion of bicyclic aromatic hydrocarbons.]	269-781-5	68333-25-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-440-00-0	Distillates (petroleum), light steam-cracked naphtha; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from the multiple distillation of products from a steam cracking process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₀ through C ₁₈ .]	270-662-5	68475-80-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-441-00-6	Distillates (petroleum), cracked steam-cracked petroleum distillates; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distilling cracked steam cracked distillate and/or its fractionation products. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₀ to low molecular weight polymers.]	270-727-8	68477-38-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-442-00-1	Gas oils (petroleum), steam-cracked; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by distillation of the products from a steam cracking process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₉ and boiling in the range of from approximately 205 °C to 400 °C (400°F to 752°F).]	271-260-2	68527-18-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-443-00-7	Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized thermal cracked middle; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by fractionation from hydrodesulfurized thermal cracker distillate stocks. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₁ to C ₂₅ and boiling in the range of approximately 205 °C to 400 °C (401°F to 752°F).]	285-505-6	85116-53-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-444-00-2	Gas oils (petroleum), thermal-cracked, hydrodesulfurized; Cracked gasoil	295-411-7	92045-29-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-445-00-8	Residues (petroleum), hydrogenated steam-cracked naphtha; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a residual fraction from the distillation of hydrotreated steam-cracked naphtha. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons boiling in the range of approximately 200 °C to 350 °C (32°F to 662°F).]	295-514-7	92062-00-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-446-00-3	Residues (petroleum), steam-cracked naphtha distn.; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a column bottom from the separation of effluents from steam cracking naphtha at a high temperature. It boils in the range of approximately 147 °C to 300 °C (297°F to 572°F) and produces a finished oil having a viscosity of 18cSt at 50 °C.]	295-517-3	92062-04-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-447-00-9	Distillates (petroleum), light catalytic cracked, thermally degraded; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from a catalytic cracking process which has been used as a heat transfer fluid. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons boiling in the range of approximately 190 °C to 340 °C (374°F to 644°F). This stream is likely to contain organic sulfur compounds.]	295-991-1	92201-60-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-448-00-4	Residues (petroleum), steam-cracked heat-soaked naphtha; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as residue from the distillation of steam cracked heat soaked naphtha and boiling in the range of approximately 150 °C to 350 °C (302°F to 662°F).]	297-905-8	93763-85-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-449-00-X	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₆₋₂₀ , solvent-dewaxed hydrocracked paraffinic distn. residue; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent dewaxing of a distillation residue from a hydrocracked paraffinic distillate. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₆ through C ₂₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 360 °C to 500 °C (680 °F to 932 °F). It produces a finished oil having a viscosity of 4,5 cSt at approximately 100 °C (212 °F).]	307-662-2	97675-88-2	Carc. Cat. 3; R40	Xn R: 40 S: (2-)36/37		H
649-450-00-5	Gas oils (petroleum), light vacuum, thermal-cracked hydrodesulfurized; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by catalytic dehydrosulfurization of thermal-cracked light vacuum petroleum. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₄ through C ₂₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 270 °C to 370 °C (518°F to 698°F).]	308-278-8	97926-59-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-451-00-0	Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle coker; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons by fractionation from hydrodesulfurized coker distillate stocks. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₂ through C ₂₁ and boiling in the range of approximately 200 °C to 360 °C (392°F to 680°F).]	309-865-1	101316-59-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H
649-452-00-6	Distillates (petroleum), heavy steam-cracked; Cracked gasoil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by distillation of steam cracking heavy residues. It consists predominantly of highly alkylated heavy aromatic hydrocarbons boiling in the range of approximately 250 °C to 400 °C (482°F to 752°F).]	309-939-3	101631-14-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-453-00-1	Distillates (petroleum), heavy hydrocracked; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons from the distillation of the products from a hydrocracking process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range of C ₁₅ -C ₃₉ and boiling in the range of approximately 260 °C to 600 °C (500°F to 1112°F).]	265-077-7	64741-76-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-454-00-7	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C).]	265-090-8	64741-88-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-455-00-2	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C).]	265-091-3	64741-89-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-456-00-8	Residual oils (petroleum), solvent deasphalted; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent soluble fraction from C ₃ -C ₄ solvent deasphalting of a residuum. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C ₂₅ and boiling above approximately 400 °C (752°F).]	265-096-0	64741-95-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-457-00-3	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt a 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-097-6	64741-96-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-458-00-9	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-098-1	64741-97-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-459-00-4	Residual oils (petroleum,) solvent-refined; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination by hydrocarbons obtained as the solvent insoluble fraction from solvent refining of a residuum using a polar organic solvent such as phenol or furfural. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C ₂₅ and boiling above approximately 400 °C (752°F).]	265-101-6	64742-01-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-460-00-X	Distillates (petroleum), clay-treated paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons resulting from treatment of a petroleum fraction with natural or modified clay in either a contacting or percolation process to remove the trace amounts of polar compounds and impurities present. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]	265-137-2	64742-36-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-461-00-5	Distillates (petroleum), clay-treated light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons resulting from treatment of a petroleum fraction with natural or modified clay in either a contacting or percolation process to remove the trace amounts of polar compounds and impurities present. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]	265-138-8	64742-37-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-462-00-0	Residual oils (petroleum), clay-treated; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treatment of a residual oil with a natural or modified clay in either a contacting or percolation process to remove the trace amounts of polar compounds and impurities present. It consists of hydro-carbons having carbon numbers predominantly higher than C ₂₅ and boiling above approximately 400 °C (752°F).]	265-143-5	64742-41-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-463-00-6	Distillates (petroleum), clay-treated heavy naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons resulting from treatment of a petroleum fraction with natural or modified clay in either a contacting or percolation process to remove the trace amounts of polar compounds and impurities present. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-146-1	64742-44-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-464-00-1	Distillates (petroleum), clay-treated light naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons resulting from treatment of a petroleum fraction with natural or modified clay in either a contacting or percolation process to remove the trace amounts of polar compounds and impurities present. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-147-7	64742-45-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-465-00-7	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-155-0	64742-52-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-466-00-2	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-156-6	64742-53-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-467-00-8	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]	265-157-1	64742-54-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-468-00-3	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]	265-158-7	64742-55-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-469-00-9	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C).]	265-159-2	64742-56-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-470-00-4	Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₅ and boiling above approximately 400 °C (752°F).]	265-160-8	64742-57-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-471-00-X	Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of long, branched chain hydrocarbons from a residual oil by solvent crystallization. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₅ and boiling above approximately 400 °C (752°F).]	265-166-0	64742-62-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-472-00-5	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil of not less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-167-6	64742-63-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-473-00-0	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-168-1	64742-64-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-474-00-6	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C).]	265-169-7	64742-65-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-475-00-1	Naphthenic oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic dewaxing process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-172-3	64742-68-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-476-00-7	Naphthenic oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic dewaxing process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-173-9	64742-69-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-477-00-2	Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic dewaxing process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C).]	265-174-4	64742-70-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-478-00-8	Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic dewaxing process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C).]	265-176-5	64742-71-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-479-00-3	Naphthenic oils (petroleum), complex dewaxed heavy; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removing straight chain paraffin hydrocarbons as a solid by treatment with an agent such as urea. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil having a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-179-1	64742-75-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-480-00-9	Naphthenic oils (petroleum), complex dewaxed light; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic dewaxing process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil having a viscosity less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	265-180-7	64742-76-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-481-00-4	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C ₂₀₋₅₀ , hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil, and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil having a viscosity of approximately 112cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]	276-736-3	72623-85-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-482-00-X	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C ₁₅₋₃₀ , hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil and heavy vacuum gas oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil having a viscosity of approximately 15cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]	276-737-9	72623-86-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-483-00-5	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C ₂₀₋₅₀ , hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]	276-738-4	72623-87-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-484-00-0	Lubricating oils; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from solvent extraction and dewaxing processes. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range C ₁₅ through C ₅₀ .]	278-012-2	74869-22-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-485-00-6	Distillates (petroleum), complex dewaxed heavy paraffinici; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by dewaxing heavy paraffinic distillate. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of equal to or greater than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	292-613-7	90640-91-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 4 S: 53-45		H L
649-486-00-1	Distillates (petroleum), complex dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by dewaxing light paraffinic distillate. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₂ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.]	292-614-2	90640-92-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-487-00-7	Distillates (petroleum), solvent dewaxed heavy paraffinic, clay-treated; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating dewaxed heavy paraffinic distillate with neutral or modified clay in either a contacting or percolation process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ .]	292-616-3	90640-94-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-488-00-2	Hydrocarbons, C ₂₀₋₅₀ , solvent dewaxed heavy paraffinic, hydrotreated; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by treating dewaxed heavy paraffinic distillate with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ .]	292-617-9	90640-95-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-489-00-8	Distillates (petroleum), solvent dewaxed light paraffinic, clay-treated; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons resulting from treatment of dewaxed light paraffinic distillate with natural or modified clay in either a contacting or percolation process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ .]	292-618-4	90640-96-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-490-00-3	Distillates (petroleum), solvent dewaxed light paraffinic, hydrotreated; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by treating a dewaxed light paraffinic distillate with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ .]	292-620-5	90640-97-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-491-00-9	Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated solvent dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified	292-656-1	90669-74-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-492-00-4	Residual oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified	294-843-3	91770-57-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-493-00-X	Distillates (petroleum), dewaxed heavy paraffinic, hydrotreated; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from an intensive treatment of dewaxed distillate by hydrogenation in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₅ through C ₃₉ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 44 cSt at 50 °C.]	295-300-3	91995-39-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-494-00-5	Distillates (petroleum), dewaxed light paraffinic, hydrotreated; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from an intensive treatment of dewaxed distillate by hydrogenation in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₁ through C ₂₉ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 13 cSt at 50 °C.]	295-301-9	91995-40-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-495-00-0	Distillates (petroleum), hydrocracked solvent-refined, dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of liquid hydrocarbons obtained by recrystallization of dewaxed hydrocracked solvent-refined petroleum distillates.]	295-306-6	91995-45-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-496-00-6	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light naphthenic, hydrotreated; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst and removing the aromatic hydrocarbons by solvent extraction. It consists predominantly of naphthenic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of between 13-15cSt at 40 °C.]	295-316-0	91995-54-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-497-00-1	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C ₁₇₋₃₅ , solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrotreated; Baseoil — unspecified	295-423-2	92045-42-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-498-00-7	Lubricating oils (petroleum), hydrocracked nonarom. solvent-deparaffined; Baseoil — unspecified	295-424-8	92045-43-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-499-00-2	Residual oils (petroleum), hydrocracked acid-treated solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by solvent removal of paraffins from the residue of the distillation of acid-treated, hydrocracked heavy paraffins and boiling approximately above 380 °C (716°F).]	295-499-7	92061-86-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-500-00-6	Paraffin oils (petroleum), solvent-refined dewaxed heavy; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from sulfur-containing paraffinic crude oil. It consists predominantly of a solvent refined deparaffinated lubricating oil with a viscosity of 65cSt at 50 °C.]	295-810-6	92129-09-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-501-00-1	Lubricating oils (petroleum), base oils, paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by refining of crude oil. It consists predominantly of aromatics, naphthenics and paraffinics and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of 120 SUS at 100°F (23cSt at 40 °C).]	297-474-6	93572-43-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-502-00-7	Hydrocarbons, hydrocracked paraffinic distn. residues, solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified	297-857-8	93763-38-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-503-00-2	Hydrocarbons, C ₂₀₋₅₀ , residual oil hydrogenation vacuum distillate; Baseoil — unspecified	300-257-1	93924-61-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-504-00-8	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined hydrotreated heavy, hydrogenated; Baseoil — unspecified	305-588-5	94733-08-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-505-00-3	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined hydrocracked light; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent dearomatization of the residue of hydrocracked petroleum. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₈ through C ₂₇ and boiling in the range of approximately 370 °C to 450 °C (698°F to 842°F).]	305-589-0	94733-09-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-506-00-9	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C ₁₈₋₄₀ , solvent-dewaxed hydro-cracked distillate-based; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent deparaffination of the distillation residue from hydrocracked petroleum. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₈ through C ₄₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 370 °C to 550 °C (698°F to 1022°F).]	305-594-8	94733-15-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-507-00-4	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C ₁₈₋₄₀ , solvent-dewaxed hydro-genated raffinate-based; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent deparaffination of the hydrogenated raffinate obtained by solvent extraction of a hydrotreated petroleum distillate. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₈ through C ₄₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 370 °C to 550 °C (698°F to 1022°F).]	305-595-3	94733-16-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-508-00-X	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₃₋₃₀ , arom.-rich, solvent-extd. naphthenic distillate; Baseoil — unspecified	305-971-7	95371-04-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-509-00-5	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₆₋₃₂ , arom. rich, solvent-extd. naphthenic distillate; Baseoil — unspecified	305-972-2	95371-05-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-510-00-0	Hydrocarbons, C ₃₇₋₆₈ , dewaxed deasphalted hydrotreated vacuum distn. residues; Baseoil — unspecified	305-974-3	95371-07-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-511-00-6	Hydrocarbons, C ₃₇₋₆₅ , hydrotreated deasphalted vacuum distn. residues; Baseoil — unspecified	305-975-9	95371-08-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-512-00-1	Distillates (petroleum), hydrocracked solvent-refined light; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the solvent treatment of a distillate from hydrocracked petroleum distillates. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₈ through C ₂₇ and boiling in the range of approximately 370 °C to 450 °C (698°F to 842°F).]	307-010-7	97488-73-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-513-00-7	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined hydrogenated heavy; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons, obtained by the treatment of a hydrogenated petroleum distillate with a solvent. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₉ through C ₄₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 390 °C to 550 °C (734°F to 1022°F).]	307-011-2	97488-74-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-514-00-2	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C ₁₈₋₂₇ , hydrocracked solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified	307-034-8	97488-95-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-515-00-8	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₇₋₃₀ , hydrotreated solvent-deasphalted atm. distn. residue, distn. lights; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as first runnings from the vacuum distillation of effluents from the treatment of a solvent deasphalted short residue with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₇ through C ₃₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 300 °C to 400 °C (572°F to 752°F). It produces a finished oil having a viscosity of 4cSt at approximately 100 °C (212°F).]	307-661-7	97675-87-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-516-00-3	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₇₋₄₀ , hydrotreated solvent-deasphalted distn. residue, vacuum distn. lights; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as first runnings from the vacuum distillation of effluents from the catalytic hydrotreatment of a solvent deasphalted short residue having a viscosity of 8cSt at approximately 100 °C (212°F). It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₇ through C ₄₀ and boiling in the range of approximately 300 °C to 500 °C (592°F to 932°F).]	307-755-8	97722-06-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-517-00-9	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₃₋₂₇ , solvent-extd. light naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by extraction of the aromatics from a light naphthenic distillate having a viscosity of 9.5cSt at 40 °C (104°F). It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₃ through C ₂₇ and boiling in the range of approximately 240 °C to 400 °C (464°F to 752°F).]	307-758-4	97722-09-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-518-00-4	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₄₋₂₉ , solvent-extd. light naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by extraction of the aromatics from a light naphthenic distillate having a viscosity of 16cSt at 40 °C (104°F). It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₄ through C ₂₉ and boiling in the range of approximately 250 °C to 425 °C (482°F to 797°F).]	307-760-5	97722-10-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-519-00-X	Hydrocarbons, C ₂₇₋₄₂ , dearomatized; Baseoil — unspecified	308-131-8	97862-81-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-520-00-5	Hydrocarbons, C ₁₇₋₃₀ , hydrotreated distillates, distn. lights; Baseoil — unspecified	308-132-3	97862-82-3	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-521-00-0	Hydrocarbons, C ₂₇₋₄₅ , naphthenic vacuum distn.; Baseoil — unspecified	308-133-9	97862-83-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-522-00-6	Hydrocarbons, C ₂₇₋₄₅ , dearomatized; Baseoil — unspecified	308-287-7	97926-68-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-523-00-1	Hydrocarbons, C ₂₀₋₅₈ , hydrotreated; Baseoil — unspecified	308-289-8	97926-70-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-524-00-7	Hydrocarbons, C ₂₇₋₄₂ , naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified	308-290-3	97926-71-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-525-00-2	Residual oils (petroleum), carbon-treated solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by the treatment of solvent-dewaxed petroleum residual oils with activated charcoal for the removal of trace polar constituents and impurities.]	309-710-8	100684-37-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-526-00-8	Residual oils (petroleum), clay-treated solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treatment of solvent-dewaxed petroleum residual oils with bleaching earth for the removal of trace polar constituents and impurities.]	309-711-3	100684-38-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-527-00-3	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C _{>25} , solvent-extd., deasphalted, dewaxed, hydrogenated; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent extraction and hydrogenation of vacuum distillation residues. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C ₂₅ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity in the order of 32cSt to 37cSt at 100 °C (212°F).]	309-874-0	101316-69-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-528-00-9	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C ₁₇₋₃₂ , solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent extraction and hydrogenation of atmospheric distillation residues. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₇ through C ₃₂ and produced a finished oil with a viscosity in the order of 17cSt to 23cSt at 40 °C (104°F).]	309-875-6	101316-70-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-529-00-4	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C ₂₀₋₃₅ , solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent extraction and hydrogenation of atmospheric distillation residues. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₃₅ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity in the order of 37cSt to 44cSt at 40 °C (104°F).]	309-876-1	101316-71-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-530-00-X	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C ₂₄₋₅₀ , solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent extraction and hydrogenation of atmospheric distillation residues. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₄ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity in the order of 16cSt to 75cSt at 40 °C (104°F).]	309-877-7	101316-72-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-531-00-5	Extracts (petroleum), heavy naphthenic distillate solvent, arom. conc.; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [An aromatic concentrate produced by adding water to heavy naphthenic distillate solvent extract and extraction solvent.]	272-175-3	68783-00-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-532-00-0	Extracts (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic distillate solvent; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the extract from the re-extraction of solvent-refined heavy paraffinic distillate. It consists of saturated and aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ .]	272-180-0	68783-04-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-533-00-6	Extracts (petroleum), heavy paraffinic distillates, solvent-deasphalted; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the extract from a solvent extraction of heavy paraffinic distillate.]	272-342-0	68814-89-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-534-00-1	Extracts (petroleum), heavy naphthenic distillate solvent, hydrotreated; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a heavy naphthenic distillate solvent extract with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil of at least 19cSt at 40 °C (100 SUS at 100°F).]	292-631-5	90641-07-9	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-535-00-7	Extracts (petroleum), heavy paraffinic distillate solvent, hydrotreated; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by treating a heavy paraffinic distillate solvent extract with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₁ through C ₃₃ and boiling in the range of approximately 350 °C to 480 °C (662°F to 896°F).]	292-632-0	90641-08-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-536-00-2	Extracts (petroleum), light paraffinic distillate solvent, hydro-treated; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by treating a light paraffinic distillate solvent extract with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₇ through C ₂₆ and boiling in the range of approximately 280 °C to 400 °C (536°F to 752°F).]	292-633-6	90641-09-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-537-00-8	Extracts (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic distillate solvent; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the extract from solvent extraction of intermediate paraffinic top solvent distillate that is treated with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₆ through C ₃₆ .]	295-335-4	91995-73-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-538-00-3	Extracts (petroleum), light naphthenic distillate solvent, hydrosulfurized; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating the extract, obtained from a solvent extraction process, with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst under conditions primarily to remove sulfur compounds. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₃₀ . This stream is likely to contain 5 wt.% or more of 4- to 6-membered condensed ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	295-338-0	91995-75-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-539-00-9	Extracts (petroleum), light paraffinic distillate solvent, acid-treated; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a fraction of the distillation of an extract from the solvent extraction of light paraffinic top petroleum distillates that is subjected to a sulfuric acid refining. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₆ through C ₃₂ .]	295-339-6	91995-76-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-540-00-4	Extracts (petroleum), light paraffinic distillate solvent, hydro-desulfurized; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent extraction of a light paraffin distillate and treated with hydrogen to convert the organic sulfur to hydrogen sulfide which is eliminated. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₄₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of greater than 10cSt at 40 °C.]	295-340-1	91995-77-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-541-00-X	Extracts (petroleum), light vacuum gas oil solvent, hydro-treated; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons, obtained by solvent extraction from light vacuum petroleum gas oils and treated with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₃ through C ₃₀ .]	295-342-2	91995-79-8	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-542-00-5	Extracts (petroleum), heavy paraffinic distillate solvent, clay-treated; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons resulting from treatment of a petroleum fraction with natural or modified clay in either a contact or percolation process to remove the trace amounts of polar compounds and impurities present. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ . This stream is likely to contain 5 wt.% or more 4-6 membered ring aromatic hydrocarbons.]	296-437-1	92704-08-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-543-00-0	Extracts (petroleum), heavy naphthenic distillate solvent, hydrodesulfurized; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a petroleum stock by treating with hydrogen to convert organic sulfur to hydrogen sulfide which is removed. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of greater than 19cSt at 40 °C.]	297-827-4	93763-10-1	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-544-00-6	Extracts (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic distillate solvent, hydrosulfurized; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a solvent dewaxed petroleum stock by treating with hydrogen to convert organic sulfur to hydrogen sulfide which is removed. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₅ through C ₅₀ and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of greater than 19cSt at 40 °C.]	297-829-5	93763-11-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-545-00-1	Extracts (petroleum), light paraffinic distillate solvent, carbon-treated; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a fraction from distillation of an extract recovered by solvent extraction of light paraffinic top petroleum distillate treated with activated charcoal to remove traces of polar constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₆ through C ₃₂ .]	309-672-2	100684-02-4	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-546-00-7	Extracts (petroleum), light paraffinic distillate solvent, clay-treated; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a fraction from distillation of an extract recovered by solvent extraction of light paraffinic top petroleum distillates treated with bleaching earth to remove traces of polar constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₆ through C ₃₂ .]	309-673-8	100684-03-5	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-547-00-2	Extracts (petroleum), light vacuum, gas oil solvent, carbon-treated; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent extraction of light vacuum petroleum gas oil treated with activated charcoal for the removal of trace polar constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₃ through C ₃₀ .]	309-674-3	100684-04-6	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-548-00-8	Extracts (petroleum), light vacuum gas oil solvent, clay-treated; Distillate aromatic extract (treated); [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent extraction of light vacuum petroleum gas oils treated with bleaching earth for removal of trace polar constituents and impurities. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₁₃ through C ₃₀ .]	309-675-9	100684-05-7	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
649-549-00-3	Foots oil (petroleum); Foots oil; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the oil fraction from a solvent deoiling or a wax sweating process. It consists predominantly of branched chain hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C ₂₀ through C ₅₀ .]	265-171-8	64742-67-2	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
649-550-00-9	Foots oil (petroleum), hydrotreated; Foots oil	295-394-6	92045-12-0	Carc. Cat. 2; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		H L
650-002-00-6	turpentine, oil	232-350-7	8006-64-2	R10 Xn; R20/21/ 22-65 Xi; R36/38 R43 N; R51-53	Xn; N R: 10-20/21/22-36/ 38-43-51/53-65 S: (2-)36/37-46-61-62		
650-003-00-1	fenson (ISO); 4-chlorophenyl benzenesulphonate;	201-274-6	80-38-6	Xn; R22 Xi; R36 N; R51-53	Xn; N R: 22-36-51/53 S: (2-)24-26-61		
650-004-00-7	norbormide (ISO); 5-(α -hydroxy- α -2-pyridylbenzyl)-7-(α -2-pyridylbenzylidene) bicyclo [2.2.1] hept-5-ene-2,3-dicarboximide	213-589-6	991-42-4	Xn; R22	Xn R: 22 S: (2-)		
650-005-00-2	(2R,6aS,12aS)-1,2,6,6a,12,12a-hexahydro-2-isopropenyl-8,9-dimethoxychromeno[3,4-b]furo[2,3-h]chromen-6-one, rotenone	201-501-9	83-79-4	T; R25 Xi; R36/37/ 38 N; R50-53	T; N R: 25-36/37/38-50/ 53 S: (1/2-)22-24/25-36- 45-60-61		
650-006-00-8	benquinox (ISO); <i>p</i> -benzoquinone 1-benzoylhydrazone 4-oxime	207-807-9	495-73-8	T; R25 Xn; R21	T R: 21-25 S: (1/2-)36/37-45		
650-007-00-3	chlordimeform (ISO); N ₂ -(4-chloro- <i>o</i> -tolyl)-N ₁ ,N ₁ -dimethylformamidine	228-200-5	6164-98-3	Carc. Cat. 3; R40 Xn; R21/22 N; R50-53	Xn; N R: 21/22-40-50/53 S: (2-)22-36/37-60-61		
650-008-00-9	drazoxolon (ISO); 4-(2-chlorophenylhydrazone)-3-methyl-5-isoxazolone	227-197-8	5707-69-7	T; R25 N; R50-53	T; N R: 25-50/53 S: (1/2-)22-24-36/37- 45-60-61		

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
650-009-00-4	chlordimeform hydrochloride; N'-(4-chloro- <i>o</i> -tolyl)-N,N-dimethylformamidine monohydrochloride; N ² -(4-chloro- <i>o</i> -tolyl)-N ¹ ,N ¹ -dimethylformamidine hydrochloride	243-269-1	19750-95-9	Carc. Cat. 3; R40 Xn; R22 N; R50-53	Xn; N R: 22-40-50/53 S: (2-)22-36/37-60-61		
650-010-00-X	benzyl violet 4B; α-[4-(4-dimethylamino-α-[4-[ethyl(3-sodiumsulphonatobenzyl)amino] phenyl}benzylidene)cyclohexa-2,5-dienylidene(ethyl)ammonio]toluene-3-sulphonate	216-901-9	1694-09-3	Carc. Cat. 3; R40	Xn R: 40 S: (2-)36/37		
650-012-00-0	erionite	—	12510-42-8	Carc. Cat. 1; R45	T R: 45 S: 53-45		
650-013-00-6	asbestos	— — — — — — —	12001-28-4 132207-32-0 12172-73-5 77536-66-4 77536-68-6 77536-67-5 12001-29-5	Carc. Cat. 1; R45 T; R48/23	T R: 45-48/23 S: 53-45		E
650-014-00-1	diethyl 2,4-dihydroxycyclodisiloxane-2,4-diylbis(trimethylene)diphosphonate, tetrasodium salt, reaction products with disodium metasilicate	401-770-4	—	C; R34 Xn; R22	C R: 22-34 S: (1/2-)26-36/37/39-45		
650-015-00-7	rosin; colophony	232-475-7 232-484-6 277-299-1	8050-09-7 8052-10-6 73138-82-6	R43	Xi R: 43 S: (2-)24-37		
650-016-00-2	Mineral wool, with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex; [Man-made vitreous (silicate) fibres with random orientation with alkaline oxide and alkali earth oxide (Na ₂ O+K ₂ O+CaO+MgO+BaO) content greater than 18 % by weight]	—	—	Carc. Cat. 3; R40 Xi; R38	Xn R: 38-40 S: (2-)36/37		AQR
650-017-00-8	Refractory Ceramic Fibres; Special Purpose Fibres, with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex; [Man-made vitreous (silicate) fibres with random orientation with alkaline oxide and alkali earth oxide (Na ₂ O+K ₂ O+CaO+MgO+BaO) content less or equal to 18 % by weight]	—	—	Carc. Cat. 2; R49 Xi; R38	T R: 49-38 S: 53-45		A R

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
650-018-00-3	reaction product of: acetophenone, formaldehyde, cyclohexylamine, methanol and acetic acid	406-230-1	—	R10 Carc. Cat. 3; R40 C; R34 Xn; R20 R43 N; R50-53	C; N R: 10-20-34-40-43-50/53 S: (1/2-)26-36/37/39-45-60-61		
650-031-00-4	bis(4-hydroxy-N-methylanilinium) sulphate	200-237-1	55-55-0	Xn; R22-48/22 R43 N; R50-53	Xn; N R: 22-43-48/22-50/53 S: (2-)36/37-46-60-61		
650-032-00-X	cyproconazole (ISO); (2RS,3RS;2RS,3SR)-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-cyclopropyl-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)butan-2-ol	—	94361-06-5	Repr. Cat. 3; R63 Xn; R22 N; R50-53	Xn; N R: 22-50/53-63 S: (2-)36/37-60-61		
650-033-00-5	(S)-α-cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl-(S)-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methylbutyrate; esfenvalerate	—	66230-04-4	T; R23/25 R43 N; R50-53	T; N R: 23/25-43-50/53 S: (1/2-)24-36/37/39-45-60-61		
650-041-00-9	triasulfuron (ISO); 1-[2-(2-chloroethoxy)phenylsulfonyl]-3-(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)urea	—	82097-50-5	N; R50-53	N R: 50/53 S: 60-61		
650-042-00-4	reaction product of: polyethylene-polyamine-(C ₁₆ -C ₁₈)-alkylamides with monothio-(C ₂)-alkyl phosphonates	417-450-2	—	Xi; R36/38 R43 R52-53	Xi R: 36/38-43-52/53 S: (2-)24-26-37-61		
650-043-00-X	reaction product of: 3,5-bis- <i>tert</i> -butylsalicylic acid and aluminiumsulfate	420-310-3	—	Xn; R22 N; R50-53	Xn; N R: 22-50/53 S: (2-)22-56-60-61		
650-044-00-5	mixed linear and branched C ₁₄₋₁₅ alcohols ethoxylated, reaction product with epichlorohydrin	420-480-9	158570-99-1	Xi; R38 R43 N; R50-53	Xi; N R: 38-43-50/53 S: (2-)24-37-60-61		
650-045-00-0	reaction product of: 1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy, diethyl ester, 1-propanol and zirconium tetra-n-propanolate	417-110-3	—	F; R11 Xi; R38-41 N; R51-53	F; Xi; N R: 11-38-41-51/53 S: (2-)9-16-26-37/39-61		

Nº Índice	Denominación Química Internacional	Nº CE	Nº CAS	Clasificación	Etiquetado	Límites de concentración	Notas
650-046-00-6	di(tetramethylammonium)(29 <i>H</i> ,31 <i>H</i> -phthalocyanin- <i>N</i> 29, N30,N31,N32)disulfonamide disulfonate, cuprate(2-)com- plex, derivatives	416-180-2	12222-04-7	Xn; R22-48/ 22 N; R51-53	Xn; N R: 22-48/22-51/53 S: (2-)22-36-61		
650-047-00-1	dibenzylphenylsulfonium hexafluoroantimonate	417-760-8	134164-24-2	T; R48/25 Xn; R22 Xi; R41 R43 N; R51-53	T; N R: 22-41-43-48/25- 51/53 S: (1/2-)22-26-36/37/ 39-45-61		
650-048-00-7	reaction product of: borax, hydrogen peroxide, acetic acid anhydride and acetic acid	420-070-1	—	O; R7 Xn; R20/21/ 22 C; R35 N; R50	O; C; N R: 7-20/21/22-35-50 S: (1/2-)3/7-14-26- 36/37/39-45-61		
650-049-00-2	2-alkoxyloxyethyl hydrogen maleate, where alkoyl represents (by weight) 70 to 85 % unsaturated octadecoyl, 0.5 to 10 % saturated octadecoyl, and 2 to 18 % saturated hexadecoyl	417-960-5	—	Xi; R38-41 R43 N; R50-53	Xi; N R: 38-41-43-50/53 S: (2-)24-26-37/39- 60-61		
650-050-00-8	reaction mass of: 1-methyl-3-hydroxypropyl 3,5-[1,1- dimethylethyl]-4-hydroxydihydro-cinnamate and/or 3- hydroxybutyl 3,5-[1,1-dimethylethyl]-4-hydroxydihydrocin- namate; 1,3-butanediol bis[3-(3'-(1,1-dimethylethyl)4'-hydroxy- phenyl)propionate] isomers; 1,3-butanediol bis[3-(3',5'-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4'-hydroxyp- henyl)propionate] isomers	423-600-8	—	N; R51-53	N R: 51/53 S: 61		
650-055-00-5	silver sodium zirconium hydrogenphosphate	422-570-3	155925-27-2	N; R50-53	N R: 50/53 S: 60-61		

Tabla de correspondencias entre la clasificación de la Directiva 67/548/CEE y la clasificación del presente Reglamento

En el anexo VII se presenta una tabla que ayuda a establecer las correspondencias entre la clasificación de una sustancia o mezcla según la Directiva 67/548/CEE o la Directiva 1999/45/CE, respectivamente, y su correspondiente clasificación según el presente Reglamento. Cuando se disponga de datos para la sustancia o mezcla, se realizará una evaluación y una clasificación con arreglo a los artículos 9 a 13.

1. Tabla de correspondencias

Los códigos utilizados se introducen en la tabla 1.1 y en la sección 1.1.2.2 del anexo VI.

Tabla 1.1

Correspondencia entre la clasificación según la Directiva 67/548/CEE y según el presente Reglamento

Clasificación según la Directiva 67/548/CEE	Estado físico de la sustancia, cuando proceda	Clasificación según el presente Reglamento		Nota
		Clase y categoría de peligro	Indicación de peligro	
E; R2		No hay correspondencia directa posible.		
E; R3		No hay correspondencia directa posible.		
O; R7		Peróx. org. CD	H242	
		Peróx. org. EF	H242	
O; R8	Gas	Gas comb. 1	H270	
O; R8	Líquido, sólido	No hay correspondencia directa posible.		
O; R9	Líquido	Líqu. comb. 1	H271	
O; R9	Sólido	Sól. comb. 1	H271	
R10	Líquido	No hay correspondencia directa posible. La correspondencia correcta de R10, Líquido, es: — Líq. infl. 1, H224 si punto de inflamación < 23 °C y punto inicial de ebullición ≤ 35 °C — Líq. infl. 2, H225 si punto de inflamación < 23 °C y punto inicial de ebullición > 35 °C — Líq. infl. 3, H226 si punto de inflamación ≥ 23 °C		
F; R11	Líquido	No hay correspondencia directa posible. La correspondencia correcta de F; R11, Líquido, es: — Líq. infl. 1, H224 si punto inicial de ebullición ≤ 35 °C — Líq. infl. 2, H225 si punto inicial de ebullición > 35 °C		
F; R11	Sólido	No hay correspondencia directa posible.		
F+; R12	Gas	No hay correspondencia directa posible. La correspondencia correcta de F+; R12, Gas, es Gas infl. 1, H220 o Gas infl. 2, H221.		
F+; R12	Líquido	Líqu. infl. 1	H224	
F+; R12	Líquido	Autorreact. CD	H242	
		Autorreact. EF	H242	
		Autorreact. G	nada	
F; R15		No hay correspondencia posible.		
F; R17	Líquido	Líqu. pir. 1	H250	
F; R17	Sólido	Sól. pir. 1	H250	

Clasificación según la Directiva 67/548/CEE	Estado físico de la sustancia, cuando proceda	Clasificación según el presente Reglamento		Nota
		Clase y categoría de peligro	Indicación de peligro	
Xn; R20	Gas	Tox. ag. 4	H332	(1)
Xn; R20	Vapor	Tox. ag. 4	H332	(1)
Xn; R20	Polvo o niebla	Tox. ag. 4	H332	
Xn; R21		Tox. ag. 4	H312	(1)
Xn; R22		Tox. ag. 4	H302	(1)
T; R23	Gas	Tox. ag. 3	H331	(1)
T; R23	Vapor	Tox. ag. 2	H330	
T; R23	Polvo o niebla	Tox. ag. 3	H331	(1)
T; R24		Tox. ag. 3	H311	(1)
T; R25		Tox. ag. 3	H301	(1)
T+; R26	Gas	Tox. ag. 2	H330	(1)
T+; R26	Vapor	Tox. ag. 1	H330	
T+; R26	Polvo o niebla	Tox. ag. 2	H330	(1)
T+; R27		Tox. ag. 1	H310	
T+; R28		Tox. ag. 2	H300	(1)
R33		STOT repe. 2	H373	(3)
C; R34		Corr. cut. 1B	H314	(2)
C; R35		Corr. cut. 1A	H314	
Xi; R36		Irrit. oc. 2	H319	
Xi; R37		STOT única 3	H335	
Xi; R38		Irrit. cut. 2	H315	
T; R39/23		STOT única 1	H370	(3)
T; R39/24		STOT única 1	H370	(3)
T; R39/25		STOT única 1	H370	(3)
T+; R39/26		STOT única 1	H370	(3)
T+; R39/27		STOT única 1	H370	(3)
T+; R39/28		STOT única 1	H370	(3)
Xi; R41		Les. oc. 1	H318	
R42		Sens. resp. 1	H334	
R43		Sens. cut. 1	H317	
Xn; R48/20		STOT repe. 2	H373	(3)
Xn; R48/21		STOT repe. 2	H373	(3)
Xn; R48/22		STOT repe. 2	H373	(3)
T; R48/23		STOT repe. 1	H372	(3)
T; R48/24		STOT repe. 1	H372	(3)
T; R48/25		STOT repe. 1	H372	(3)

Clasificación según la Directiva 67/548/CEE	Estado físico de la sustancia, cuando proceda	Clasificación según el presente Reglamento		Nota
		Clase y categoría de peligro	Indicación de peligro	
R64		Lact.	H362	
Xn; R65		Tox. asp. 1	H304	
R67		STOT única 3	H336	
Xn; R68/20		STOT única 2	H371	(3)
Xn; R68/21		STOT única 2	H371	(3)
Xn; R68/22		STOT única 2	H371	(3)
Carc. Cat. 1; R45		Carc. 1A	H350	
Carc. Cat. 2; R45		Carc. 1B	H350	
Carc. Cat. 1; R49		Carc. 1A	H350i	
Carc. Cat. 2; R49		Carc. 1B	H350i	
Carc. Cat. 3; R40		Carc. 2	H351	
Muta. Cat. 1; R46		Muta. 1A	H340	
Muta. Cat. 2; R46		Muta. 1B	H340	
Muta. Cat. 3; R68		Muta. 2	H341	
Repr. Cat. 1; R60		Repr. 1A	H360F	(4)
Repr. Cat. 2; R60		Repr. 1B	H360F	(4)
Repr. Cat. 1; R61		Repr. 1A	H360D	(4)
Repr. Cat. 2; R61		Repr. 1B	H360D	(4)
Repr. Cat. 3; R62		Repr. 2	H361f	(4)
Repr. Cat. 3; R63		Repr. 2	H361d	(4)
Repr. Cat. 1; R60-61		Repr. 1A	H360FD	
Repr. Cat. 1; R60 Repr. Cat. 2; R61		Repr. 1A	H360FD	
Repr. Cat. 2; R60 Repr. Cat. 1; R61		Repr. 1A	H360FD	
Repr. Cat. 2; R60-61		Repr. 1B	H360FD	
Repr. Cat. 3; R62-63		Repr. 2	H361fd	
Repr. Cat. 1; R60 Repr. Cat. 3; R63		Repr. 1A	H360Fd	
Repr. Cat. 2; R60 Repr. Cat. 3; R63		Repr. 1B	H360Fd	
Repr. Cat. 1; R61 Repr. Cat. 3; R62		Repr. 1A	H360Df	
Repr. Cat. 2; R61 Repr. Cat. 3; R62		Repr. 1B	H360Df	
N; R50		Acuático agudo 1.	H400	
N; R50-53		Acuático agudo 1 Acuático crónico 1	H400 H410	
N; R51-53		Acuático crónico 2	H411	
R52-53		Acuático crónico 3	H412	

Clasificación según la Directiva 67/548/CEE	Estado físico de la sustancia, cuando proceda	Clasificación según el presente Reglamento		Nota
		Clase y categoría de peligro	Indicación de peligro	
R53		Acuático crónico 4	H413	
N; R59		Ozono	EUH059	

Nota 1

Para estas clases se puede usar la clasificación mínima recomendada, descrita en la sección 1.2.1.1 del anexo VI. Pueden existir datos o información que indiquen que es más apropiada una reclasificación en una categoría más severa.

Nota 2

Se recomienda la clasificación en la categoría 1B, si bien en algunos casos podría aplicarse la 1C para ciertos gases. Volviendo a los datos originales tal vez no sea posible distinguir entre las categorías 1B y 1C, pues el período de exposición habitual habrá sido de hasta 4 horas, según el Reglamento (CE) n° 440/2008. No obstante, en el futuro, cuando los datos se deriven de pruebas secuenciales, como se recomienda en el Reglamento (CE) n° 440/2008, deberá considerarse la categoría 1C.

Nota 3

Podría añadirse la vía de exposición a la indicación de peligro si se ha demostrado concluyentemente que el peligro no se produce por ninguna otra vía de exposición.

Nota 4

Las indicaciones de peligro H360 y H361 señalan una preocupación general por los dos tipos de peligro que se contemplan en la toxicidad para la reproducción, es decir los efectos sobre la fertilidad y los efectos sobre el desarrollo: «Puede perjudicar/Se sospecha que puede perjudicar a la fertilidad» o «puede dañar/se sospecha que puede dañar al feto». Según los criterios de clasificación (anexo I, sección 3.7), la indicación general de peligro puede sustituirse por otra en la que aparezca sólo la propiedad preocupante, en el caso de que se demuestre que los efectos sobre la fertilidad o sobre el desarrollo no son pertinentes.

Tabla 1.2

Correspondencia entre las frases de riesgo atribuidas en la Directiva 67/548/CEE y los requisitos de etiquetado suplementario del presente Reglamento

Directiva 67/548/CEE	Presente Directiva
R1	EUH001
R6	EUH006
R14	EUH014
R18	EUH018
R19	EUH019
R44	EUH044
R29	EUH029
R31	EUH031
R32	EUH032
R66	EUH066
R39-41	EUH070